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MISCELLANEOUS.

ROYAL

FULL WEIGHT ROYAL BAKING POWDER ABSOLUTELY PURE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. ly2d&wtf

Wide Sheeting

SALE.

We shall sell at retail 9 quarter extra quality Brown Sheeting at 17 cents per yard. This is wide enough for Sheets without seam and is lower than we ever sold same goods.

RINES BROTHERS.

sep21 d3t

Are You Familiar with the Plans — OF THE Union Mutual LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF PORTLAND, ME?

DO you realize that this old and sterling company is a HOME INSTITUTION, chartered in 1848 under the laws of Maine?

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THE wise provisions of the Maine Non-Forfeiture Law apply only to the policies issued by this Company, and under its workings extended insurance is provided for in case of lapse.

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THE UNION MUTUAL appeals to residents of Maine for their especial patronage, because it is a HOME COMPANY, and because of its age, experience, strong, financial condition, large surplus, equitable and attractive plans and conservative management.

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nov5 eod1f

SILK MITTS

SALE.

100 dozen Pure Silk Mitts in Colored and Black, worth 65c a pair,

— AT —

25 Cts. a Pair.

DARRAH'S

Kid Glove Store,

No. 463 Congress St.

jy26 eodtf

NEW

KID GLOVES!

We have already received large lots of Fall Colors in Ladies' Kid Gloves.

4 Button Kids - 50c

5 Button Kids, Embroidered, 69c.

Extra good Kids, 75c, $1, $1.39, $1.75 and $2.

RINES BROTHERS.

sep20 d3t

THE PORTLAND DAILY PRESS,

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Published every THURSDAY MORNING, at $2.50 a year; if paid in advance, $2.00 a year.

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Address all communications to PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.

The indications for Maine, New Hampshire and Massachusetts are warmer, fair weather, light to fresh southerly winds, veering to westerly.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 20, 1887.

	7 A M	3 P M	10 P M
Barometer	30.31	30.25	30.24
Thermometer	50.	65.	53.
Dew Point	40.	41.	45.
Humidity	67.	42.	75.
Wind	NW	N	SW
Velocity	7	5	3
Weather	Clear	Clear	Clear

Mean daily bar...30.27 | Maximum ther....65.4
Mean daily ther....56.0 | Minimum ther....47.3
Mean daily d'wpt.42.0 | Max. vel. wind....7 NW
Mean daily hum..61.3 | Total precip.....0

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

(Sept. 20, 1887, 10.00 P.M.)

Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation	Height of the Barometer.	Exposed.	Change in last 24 hours.	Direction.	Velocity.	State of the Weather.
		Thermo'ter		Wind		
Eastport, Me	30.06	52	−4	NW	Lt	Cloudy
Portland, Me	30.24	52	−6	SW	Lt	Clear
Mt. Washington	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Boston, Mass	30.28	56	.....	W	Lt	Clear
Block Island	30.30	54	−10	NE	...	Clear
Nantucket	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Northfield	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Albany, N. Y	30.30	52	−8	Clm	...	Clear
New York	30.34	62	−4	Clm	...	Clear
Philadelphia	30.34	62	.....	SW	...	Smoky
Washington	30.32	62	−2	NE	...	Hazy
Norfolk, Va.	30.28	72	+6	NE	...	Clear
Hatteras	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jacksonville	30.16	74	+4	NE	...	Cloudy
Galveston	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montgomery	30.14	78	+4	E	...	Fair
New Orleans	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cincinnati, O.	30.22	70	−2	Clm	...	Clear
Pittsburg	30.26	66	−2	N	...	Clear
Buffalo, N. Y.	30.32	58	0	E	...	Clear
Oswego	30.26	50	−12	SE	...	Clear
Cleveland	30.22	64	0	SE	...	Clear
Detroit	30.30	64	+8	E	...	Clear
Dodge City	30.08	72	+4	SE	...	Clear
Grand Haven	30.16	68	+6	S	...	Clear
Marquette	29.96	74	+14	SW	...	Fair
Chicago, Ill.	30.14	72	+6	S	...	Clear
Des Moines	30.10	74	+4	S	...	Clear
Duluth, Minn	29.90	68	+18	NW	...	Clear
St. Paul, Minn	29.94	7	.....	SW	...	Rain'g
Leavenw'th	30.22	74	+4	SE	...	Clear
Santa Fe	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Assiniboine	30.24	50	−2	SW	...	Cloudy
St. Vincent	30.12	50	−24	W	...	Clear
Cheyenne	30.16	60	−4	W	...	Cloudy
North Platte	30.08	62	−2	N	...	Clear
Denver, Col.	30.10	62	−10	N	...	Rain'g
Halifax	30.10	54	−2	W	Lt	Clear
Montreal	30.24	54	+4	SW	24	Foggy
El Paso	30.22	48	−8	Clm	...	Clear

E. P. JONES, Pv't S. C., U. S. A.

LUMBER, ICE AND AGRICULTURE.

What Commissioner Matthews and Secretary Gilbert Announce.

[Special to the PRESS.]

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—Hon. Z. A. Gilbert Secretary of the Board of Agriculture, is in the city arranging to send out his annual report which is now ready for distribution to the county agricultural societies.

Secretary Gilbert is also engaged in arranging the Institute work in the state for the coming winter, and is in correspondence with the several members of the Board with the view of fixing the dates and arranging the details for the entire State before the work of holding the Institutes is entered upon Aside from the members of the Board he has a full force of assistants engaged to aid him in the work. A larger number of Institutes will be held than formerly has been the case, the experience of the Secretary enabling him to systematize the work in such manner as will reduce expenses and give more meetings on the same outlay. The farmers will appreciate this effort of his, since there formerly has been many more calls for institutes than Mr. Gilbert has been able to supply with the means at his disposal.

From Commissioner of Labor Matthews's returns it is learned that 400,000,000 feet of lumber were cut in the State last season, of which 140,000,000 feet were on the east and west branches of the Penobscot river; 100,000,000 in Aroostook and St. John; 140,000,000 in Kennebec; and 20,000,000 in other places. Among the interesting features of his coming report will be a history of the granges of the State from the pen of ex-Gov. Robie, giving a history of the use of the order, its growth and strength. It will prove an interesting addition to the report. It is also learned from Commissioner Matthews's report that the cost of cutting, housing and delivering ice on board vessels on the Penobscot the past season was about 50 cents a ton.

The latest wrinkle which has developed here [and may be regarded as a pointer in 1888 is the wearing of pasteboard cards inside the hat, on which are inscribed in large characters "Blaine 1888." All of Mr. Blaine's numerous friends here are after them and the card is becoming the rage.

THE CLINTON INCENDIARIES.

Two of the Tramps in Confinement in Augusta.

[Special to the Press.]

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—The two tramps, Slim and Irish, who were arrested for burning Constable Stevenson's buildings in Clinton were brought to this city this morning and placed in jail, the former having been arrested in Bangor. The girl, Lillie Booker was also brought down. She was very ill and was given the best of care by Mrs. McFadden, wife of Sheriff McFadden, at the jail. She repeated her story and told how she was enticed from her home with a family named Bond, by a woman from Portland, who upon the arrival of the couple in that city, inveigled the girl into a house of ill repute. Afterwards she met the tramp, who persuaded her to accompany him on the road. The girl showed a hole in her dress which was burned by the blazing hay on Stevenson's mow, and which she barely succeeded in extinguishing.

The cases of the two tramps, Slim and Irish, were continued till next Friday, the men being committed meanwhile. W. T. Haines, Esq., of Waterville, defended them and sought to prove an alibi, asserting that they stopped at a butcher's, a mile out of town on the night of the conflagration. Sheriff Stevenson said in an interview that he acted to the best of his judgment when he fired the five shots, believing that the tramps were heavily armed by reason of the girl's statement and seeing Shorty with one hand in his breast pocket, as if to draw a pistol, and his companion make a movement towards his pocket. The officer concluded that they intended to shoot him and accordingly blazed away. He went to Bangor this afternoon to secure the Irish tramp, who was arrested there. It was understood that he would see the County Attorney of Penobscot county, in relation to the shooting affair.

No Toes on His Foot.

[To the Associated Press.]

BANGOR, Sept. 20.—Yesterday, officer Knaide arrested a man at the Exchange street depot, who answered to the description of one of the tramps who burned the buildings of Constable Stevenson at Clinton last week, two of whom were caught at Hermon Sunday night, and one badly wounded by the officers, and today another, his chum, was arrested by the same officer. A description of the tramps had been sent to Marshal Whitney, and one of them was described as having no toes on the left foot. Yesterday, when officer Knaide was at the depot, he noticed a man leaning against a post, whose foot looked as though the toes were gone. He immediately arrested him and took him to the station and he answered to the description of one of the men in every particular. Word was sent to the constables who were searching for the men and they said he was one of the pair they wanted. They took him off with them on the train this morning.

When this one was arrested two or three others were lounging about in the vicinity, and when they learned that one of their number had been arrested two of them hurried across the railroad bridge and it was thought went out on the train in the evening or tramped in the same direction.

What the Tramps Claim.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—It is stated that the tramps confined in the jail here, suspected of being implicated in the burning of Officer Stevenson's buildings in Clinton, claim to have passed the night of the fire in a barn on the Milliken farm in this city. A Journal reporter visited the Milliken farm to-night and learned that tramps were discovered in the barn there the morning after the fire in Clinton. If the tramps in jail here are identified as being of this party, an alibi will be proved.

Slim was recognized as the man who served a sentence of 30 days in jail here last winter. Shorty, the man shot at Carmel, was also in jail here last winter. He is thought to have been the man who robbed J. E. Adams's store in this city the night after his sentence expired.

MAINE.

The Saco Poisoning Case.

BIDDEFORD, Sept. 20.—Among the most interesting cases assigned for trial at this term of court at Alfred was that of Winfield S. Dennett, agent of the Saco Water Power Company, against Dennis O'Connor of this city. The suit brought by Mr. Dennett charged O'Connor with criminal negligence in causing the death of James W. Dennett, who was poisoned last fall by drinking cider from a cask that had originally contained embalming fluid. Mrs. Dennett also brought suit for damages for the serious sickness she suffered through tasting the poisoned cider. Every preparation was being made by Lawyers Hunt and Hamilton on one side and Tapley and Fairfield on the other, for the second trial, but today further proceedings were stopped by a settlement of the case by Messrs. Foss and O'Connor.

The September Term.

ROCKLAND, Sept. 20.—The September term of the Supreme Court opened here today, Charles W. Walton of Deering, being the justice presiding. Several important cases will come up for trial.

ALFRED, Sept. 20.—The September term of the Supreme Judicial Court began here today, Judge Libby, presiding. There was a large attendance of members of the bar. The continued docket contains 250 actions, and there are 125 new entries.

Augusta's Business Boom.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—At a meeting of the citizens today the proposition of the Edwards Manufacturing Company to build a new cotton factory, with a capacity of from 30,000 to 40,000 spindles, and to erect buildings to accommodate those desiring to hire power for small industries, on the condition that the valuation of their property for taxation be fixed at $500,000, to begin when the new cotton mill shall commence operations, and remain at said sum for ten years from 1893, was accepted by a vote of 572 to 35.

Fire at Springvale.

SANFORD, Sept. 20.—A stable at Springvale, owned by Howard Frost, in which was stored the household goods of Mrs. H. Cook, was totally destroyed by fire early this morning. The loss will be about $300. The cause is unknown.

Visiting Patriarchs Militant.

BIDDEFORD, Sept. 20.—At a meeting of the J. H. Dearborn canton held at Odd Fellows' Hall in this city last evening, it was decided to invite and entertain as guests, the Grand Canton Lucerne of Lynn, Mass., who are to make a tour of the State the latter part of the present month. The visiting canton will arrive in Saco at 4.08 o'clock in the afternoon of Friday, September 30, direct from Bath, and will be met by Grand Canton J. H. Dearborn, No. 4, when a parade of the two cantons of both cities will be made. A banquet is to be provided in City Hall, Biddeford, and a concert and ball will be given in City Hall, Saco, the same evening.

Bad Water to Drink.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—A number of local boards of health in towns where typhoid fever is reported, have requested that an analysis of water be made of suspected wells. Dr. Young made such an analysis in Augusta yesterday for Garland. The chemical analysis showed it to be very suspicious water and the microscope examination was still worse. The doctor condemned it unqualifiedly. Ten applications for analysis of water have been received outside of Augusta, the last one coming from Orono yesterday. There has been an unusual appearance in the water of Webber's Pond, in Vassalboro, which has given rise to some anxiety as it was said to have been followed by cases of typhoid fever after a similar appearance some years ago. Dr. Young went up Saturday and brought down a bottle of the water of the pond for chemical analysis. Under the microscope the scum on the surface was found to consist of microscopic algae consisting of single cells arranged linearly.

Fell From His Team.

DOVER, N. H., Sept. 20.—The body of Charles Davis, a grain dealer of South Berwick, Me., was found in the woods near Salmon Falls, N. H., this morning. It is supposed that while driving home from Salmon Falls last night he fell from his team and was killed.

Launched at Bath.

BATH, Sept. 20.—The four masted schooner Katie J. Barrett was launced this afternoon from the yard of William T. Donnell. She is owned by the builders and others, of this city, and Captain Angus McCloud, of East Boston, who will command her. Her tonage is 663 tons, length 191 feet, breadth 38 feet, and depth 19 feet.

York County Farmers.

BIDDEFORD, Sept. 20.—The York County Cattle Show and Fair opened this morning with a fair showing of stock and good attendance. Some of the best horses in the State are entered. Races will take place tomorrow and Thursday.

A Defective Chimney.

NEW GLOUCESTER, Sept. 20.—The house of Mr. Asa Rice, in the easterly part of New Gloucester, was burned yesterday. It was located on what is known as the Staples place. The fire is supposed to have caught from a defect in the chimney. The value of the house was small. No insurance.

The Third's Reunion.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—Veterans of the Third Maine Regiment are beginning to arrive in the city tonight to attend the reunion here tomorrow. Great preparations have been made and a large procession will parade the principal streets, in which the Capital Guards and Seth Williams Post, No. 13, G. A. R., will take part.

Nominations by the Governor.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 20.—The following nominations were made by the Governor today:

Justices of the Peace and Quorum—Peter W. Ayer, Freedom; Charles H. Boothby, Portland; H. K. Baker, Hallowell; Eugene M. Hersey, Bangor; D. K. Jewell, Hallowell; George Libby, Portland; Edwin L. Poor, Sebago; J. H. Sturgis, Augusta; Joseph F. Twitchell, Hiram.

Fish and Game Wardens—J. H. Heald, Newfield; Albert W. French, Abbott.

Trial Justices—N. P. Noble, Phillips; John S. Eaton, Deer Isle; Ezra Andrews, Wellington; Orris H. Keen, Freedom; George E. Allen, Sanford.

Notaries Public—Charles H. Boothby, Portland; George P. Dutton, Ellsworth; J. H. Sturgis, Augusta; Jas. L. Stoddard, Gardiner; Austin D. Knight, Hallowell; Eugene M. Hersey, Bangor; M. H. Wilder, Machias; Tristram Goldthwaite, Biddeford.

Dedimus Justice—F. B. Ferguson, Deer Isle.

Ministers Commissioned to Solemnize Marriages—Wm. B. Hastings, Hudson; W. Wiggin, Vassalboro; Stanley G. Day, Springfield; Christopher A. Dereby, Cornish.

Beriben's Filibusters.

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 20.—A car load of dynamite, enough to blow up Havana, was discovered hidden in the woods near Key West, Florida, yesterday. The discovery created great excitement. The proposed plot against Cuba is much more formidable than at first supposed. Advices from Cuba state that Beriben, the filibuster, and his band are safe in the mountains.

MR. BLAINE'S CANDIDACY.

William Walter Phelps Expresses His Views Upon the Subject.

The Nomination Certain if Mr. Blaine Will Accept It.

Democrats Disgusted With Their Mugwump Chief Magistrate.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—"Will Mr. Blaine be nominated next year?" asked a reporter of William Walter Phelps.

"If he wants the nomination, or if he will accept it."

"Will he accept the nomination if offered?"

"I do not know the answer to that question, nor does any one else. I know he did not want it in 1884, and that he accepted it against his own judgment and wishes, under the urgent appeals of personal and political friends. I know he said before the nomination, and at the time of it, that no Republican could be elected, and I know, too, that he never changed that opinion until the evidence of his extraordinary popularity overwhelmed all the philosophic reasons which made him think a Republican triumph in that election impossible for any one, and forced him, before the election, to admit that he was stronger than his party, and that success was probable. I think the rest of the party, less confident than their leaders, were sure on the morning of the Black Friday, before Burchard uttered his alliteration on the stairs of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, that Blaine was elected; and he was but for that ecclesiastical blunder."

"Are Blaine's friends doing nothing for his nomination?"

"Absolutely nothing. Most of them nearest to him agree with him in the wish that he might escape it. He could not have greater power were he President, and he could have much less peace and independence. Besides, even if he wanted the nomination, or if we wanted it for him, we should do nothing to influence the Republican party in making its award of the great honor. We do not forget that without effort on our part the party in 1884 made him, with practical unanimity, its standard bearer. We promised to elect him and we failed. Though the failure was an accident, it does not alter the case. Other Republicans may this time make the nomination, and we shall give them as cordial and hearty support as they gave us. I know of no candidate prominently mentioned whom we would not heartily support, and whom, as against Cleveland, we will not elect. This goes upon the assumption that it shall be a leader of the party who gets the nomination, and not some obscurity whose only recommendation is the fact that he is unknown in the council chamber and on the battlefields of his party."

"You think Cleveland would be the weakest candidate of your opponents."

"On that point I feel very positive. No one who has so large an acquaintance with the Democratic leaders as I have can fail to recognize the bitter animosity which they feel, and in private express, against their President. If they have the ordinary feelings of humanity, how could it be otherwise? They worked for twenty-four years to put the Democratic party into power, and when they succeeded they find they have elected a Mugwump. The leaders of the party will not strive to destroy their party, but they will refuse to lead and will sulk in their tents. The workers will refuse to work, and any man who has lived, as I have done, for twenty years in active and practical politics knows that the absence of that personal interest and solicitation which flakes the worker in politics means a diminished and hopeless vote."

"You say Mr. Cleveland will be renominated? How do you reconcile that with his extreme unpopularity."

"He will be nominated by the inexorable logic of circumstances. To refuse him a renomination is to confess that the only Democratic administration, the only test that this present generation has for proving the quality of Democracy, has been a failure. If they go before the people without Cleveland, they go asking the people to indorse a failure. Old Man Cleveland has the party by the neck, and they cannot shake him off."

"Wont the Mugwumps still vote against Blaine?"

"Yes, every man of them."

"Where, then, would Mr. Blaine get the votes to compensate?"

"From dissatisfied Democrats, from protection Democrats and from every Irishman who has acquired the right of American suffrage."

AFTER THE INCENDIARY.

Vassalboro Citizens Likely to Make Him Repent His Deed.

[Special to the Press.]

VASSALBORO, Sept. 20.—The feeling in Vassalboro over the repeated attempts to drive Oak Grove Seminary out of the town is intense, and it would go hard with the incendiary should he be discovered. "I believe," said a Vassalboro citizen, "that if apprehended Judge Lynch would be called in and he would be strung up to the first tree at hand. The old town was never stirred up so deeply before over any occurrence within it borders."

"There is a determination to unravel the mystery if it takes a year and a mint of money," said Mr. Burleigh today. This is the prevailing feeling. Principal Charles A. Jones has shown himself a plucky man, and he says Oak Grove Seminary shall live despite the incendiary and his touch. "I will die game" said he, "I do not propose to be put down by rowdies." And will not, for Greenwood Hall, so-called, located at the summit of the hill above the railroad station has been leased, and today is receiving new seats and will be fitted-up for a schoolroom, to be opened on Thursday of this week. It is expected that about 36 pupils will attend, although some have become frightened and returned home.

Detective True has returned home, and one of his lieutenants from Portland is on the ground, arriving this morning, the former being too well known here to do detective work.

The jury of the fire inquest which is under charge of Deputy Sheriff Ramsdell of Vassalboro, consists of Hall C. Burleigh, G. W. Ward and Nathan Hall, and they began work today.

One of the pupils who attended the school was suspected of setting the fire. On the day of the last fire he was not at church as usual or at his boarding place, and on being questioned said he was swimming in the river. The jury when they met this morning took the boy and went over the course which he said he travelled on his way to the river. Nothing new was elicited. It is not believed that the boy is guilty. At 10.30 a. m. the jury entered into secret session in the hall and began the examination of witnesses, of whom over 20 had been summoned.

The inquest was completed tonight and no final conclusions were reached, but it would not be surprising if a clue was obtained which would lead to apprehending the firebug.

CARVED ON A BOARD.

How a Shipwrecked Sailor Sent Word of His Distress.

NEW BEDFORD, Sept. 20.—Word has reached here of the rescue of James R. Vincent of Martha's Vineyard, one of the crew of the whaling bark Napoleon, lost in Behring sea in the summer of 1885, while coming out of the Arctic. The Napoleon was struck by an iceberg and went to the bottom immediately. The crew disembarked in four boats, but had no time to take any provisions aboad. A night and a day they were tossed about, when a gale sprang up and the boats were separated. Finally, after four days, the United States steamship Corwin picked up one boat's crew with eight men alive and one dead. In the afternoon she picked up another boat with six men alive and three dead. Nothing was seen of the other two boats and it was supposed that the 18 men who were in them had perished amidst the ice or had reached the inhospitable coast, there to die of hunger and exposure.

Last year letters from the Arctic brought intelligence that the first mate was supposed to be alive on the coast of Siberia, but nothing authentic was learned, and it has since been ascertained that there was no foundation for the hope. A belief that some of the missing boat's crew did not perish was again revived a few months ago, when an old Indian came on board the whaling bark Hunter and gave the captain a rudely-carved piece of cedar on which the hope was based that James Vincent was alive, and a clew to his whereabouts had been found. The message, which was given to the commander of the United States steamer Bear, was as follows:

1887, J BV—
BK NAP—
TOB
ACCO
GIVE

On the reverse were the letters:

SWC NAV—
M 10
HELP
COME

After repeated efforts the characters were interpreted thus: "J B V, B K Nap," signifies the name of James R. Vincent, seaman on board the bark Napoleon. The two words in the opposite column are a request that a present be made to the Indian for carrying the news. Give tobacco, or literally, 'Tobacco give.' On the reverse side the characters show that Vincent was ten ('M 10') southwest of Cape Navarin.

The Bear steamed away from Port Clarence on July 11, arriving in the vicinity of Navarin some six days later. The Bear arrived early in the morning and dropped anchor in a little inlet, when several parties were sent ashore to scour the surrounding country. It was nearly night when they returned to the vessel, and not a word was learned of a white man stopping on the barren shores.

The next day the searching parties were again sent out, and before noon, some miles from Navarin, in the direction of Cape St. Thaddeus, Vincent was found. His health was shattered, and he had nearly abandoned hope of ever reaching his native land. The crew had perished, one by one, and he lived on with the Esquimaux, with whom he had joined his fortunes on landing on the bleak coast two years before. He expected to live and die on the frozen wash of the Gulf of Anadyn, and his only forlorn hope was in the rude message which he carved on the piece of wood and sent south with a hunting party. This message reached friends, and after months of awful suspense he was saved as by a miracle, and the fate of the missing crews is no longer a secret of the sea.

LED BY LOVERING.

The Convention of the Democrats of Massachusetts.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 20.—The Massachusetts Democrats had a splendid day for their State Convention at Worcester. The sun was bright and warm.

The convention was the largest ever held in the State. Over 1300 delegates arrived before 10 o'clock this morning. Several informal meetings of various factions were held this forenoon for the purpose of appointing tellers, etc.

The delegates all wore ribbons bearing the names and pictures of favorite candidates, the Lovering colors greatly predominating.

The convention was called to order at 11.30 o'clock, by Chairman P. A. Collins. The committee on permanent organization reported as follows: Chairman, Jonas H. French of Gloucester; secretaries, A. B. Alger, P. J. Donovan, of Boston, P. J. Kennedy of Holyoke.

Mr. French was received with great applause. At the conclusion of his address, the committee on credentials reported 326 cities and towns, represented by 1,755 delegates.

An informal ballot was taken at 12 o'clock, and resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes	1001
Necessary for a choice	501
Lovering had	638
Russell had	363

This ballot was declared formal, and Mr. Lovering was announced as the nominee of the convention.

The convention then adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon, when the resolutions were considered.

The platform adopted congratulates the country that under Democratic rule it has prospered. It asserts that all the important offices in the civil service should be filled by competent persons in political sympathy with the administration; that all other offices not representative in their character should be filled by persons selected for their fitness, capacity and integrity; that the dispensing of patronage should neither be a tax upon the time of public men nor the instrument of their ambition; no officer should be retained in public service who has shown himself an offensive partisan; it then asserts that a sense of propriety and duty to the administration, of which they are a part, requires federal office holders representing the administration in Massachusetts, to discharge from the public service any of their subordinates against whom charges of offensive partisanship can be substantiated. The platform declares any system of taxation which produces a revenue beyond the government's requirements to be unwise and disastrous, and while not advocating free trade it advocates a reduction of the tariff.

Fifteen members at large of the State committee were then selected, headed by Josiah G. Abbott of Wellsley.

The committee on the balance of the ticket reported as follows:

For Lieutenant Governor—Walter E. Cutting, of Pittsfield.

For Secretary of State—John F. Murphy, of Lowell.

For Treasurer—Henry G. Thatcher, of Yarmouth.

For Attorney General—John T. Corcoran, of Clinton.

For Auditor—William F. Cook, of Springfield.

The report was unanimously adopted.

The following were elected delegates at large to the National Convention: P. A. Collins of Boston, Jonas H. French of Gloucester, J. W. Cummings of Fall River, Josiah G. Abbott of Boston. Following are the alternates: Chas. G. Lewis of Framingham, James E. Delaney of Holyoke, Godfrey Morse of Boston, John R. Thayer of Worcester.

The convention adjourned at 4 p. m.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL.

Treasury Officials Reported to be Uneasy About the Market.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The stringency of the money market seems to be giving the treasury officials some uneasiness. Assistant Secretary Thompson, who has the matter of bond purchases in hand, in the absence of the Secretary, while apparently satisfied with last Wednesday's work, is still dissatisfied with the measure of relief that purchases give, and is anxious to evolve some other plan by which more money can be paid out from the treasury in case a growing stringency demands it suddenly. During the President's absence in Philadelphia it was impossible to do anything, but as it is understood he consulted with Secretary Fairchild there, it is probable that some arrangement may be suggested the next time the assistant secreary visits the White House.

Representative Wilkins, of Ohio, who has just come from New York, said today that it is generally expected in financial circles that the President will call for an extra session of Congress to meet early in November, to take some steps to release the treasury surplus and prevent a financial panic, and he is of the opinion himself that it ought to be done and will be done.

Postal Changes.

The following fourth-class postmasters have been appointed for Maine offices: John S. P. Jones, East Lebanon, and Charles Young, South Waterford.

Maine Pensioners.

The following pensions have been granted to Maine people:

Charles Young, Winterport, increase.
James J. Peavey, Soldiers' Home, Togus.
Lorenzo Small, Hodgson.
Edwin P. Hatch, Augusta.
Albion Cobb, Webb's Mills.
Horatio Nelson, East Winn.
George W. Clements, Bucksport, restoration.
Richard Robertson, Swanville, restoration, reissue and increase.

SNUBBED BY THE FIRST LADY.

Statements That Gov. Foraker is Reported to Have Authorized.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 20.—While Gov. Forraker adheres to his announcement that he would say nothing about the snub given him and his wife by Mrs. Cleveland at Philadelphia, he has referred all inquiries to members of his staff and other persons, to whom he has related the circumstances, with the understanding that he has no objection to their telling what they know.

Their story in brief is that the Governor remarked to his wife on the way that he was informed that Mrs. Cleveland had turned her back to him in the parade of the day, though he did not believe it, but thought if she were inclined she might embarrass them at the reception.

Mrs. Foraker replied that she did not believe Mrs. Cleveland would undertake anything of that kind. When they came to the President he greeted them in a cool manner and Mrs. Cleveland, who came next in line, elevated her head and refused even to look at the Governor and his wife.

The Governor undertook on the spur of the moment to make her speak, and in a formal manner proceeded to introduce Mrs. Foraker, but it would not work and they passed on. After this Mrs. Cleveland's face became wreathed in smiles and other people were greeted with a shake of the hand.

Hannibal Hamlin in Wisconsin.

MADISON, Wis., Sept. 20.—Hon. Hannibal Hamlin arrived today. He is the guest of Gen. Fairchild until next Monday, when he leaves for St. Louis with Gen. Fairchild to attend the annual meeting of the Grand Army.

THE GREAT FIGHT.

Granite State Solons Still Discussing the Boston & Maine.

Foreign Contract Labor Employed on New Hampshire Roads.

Mr. Murphy Does Not Want an Asylum for Pauper Railroads.

CONCORD, N. H., Sept. 20.—In the House this forenoon the debate on the railroad question was resumed. Mr. Murphy of Manchester spoke in opposition to the Hazen bill. He denied the report that he had been offered a government position to vote for the Hazen bill, although he had applied for Post Office Inspectorship. He charged that foreign contract labor had been imported into this country by George Van Dyke in the construction of the Coos railroad, and he had in his possession a copy of a contract made with gentlemen in Canada under which laborers were brought to this State to work on that railroad at $18 per month. As a representative of the Knights of Labor of New Hampshire, he denied the report that that organization was being worked by any body. Referring to the bill under consideration, Mr. Murphy argued against the admission of the great monied monopoly into this State, which would be created by the Hazen bill. There was no denying the fact that if the Boston & Maine was admitted to the State the people would have to share it adversely if the road went down. Their plan was a one-sided partnership, in which the Maine would be the entire gainer, and the people of the State losers. In the case of the Eastern, the St. Johnsbury and Massachusetts Central, the speculators who bought them, had a great opportunity to enrich themselves if they could secure the prosperous Concord. The State of New Hampshire ought not to be an asylum for the owners of pauper railroads to come to. The time had arrived when the State should call a halt and organize and maintain a railway system of her own. He was opposed to monopoly, and for that reason he should vote for the indefinite postponement of the Hazen bill. He didn't propose to be coerced into supporting that measure by the threats that the Manchester Representatives voting against it would be marked men. It had been argued that railroad consolidation would be a great thing here because it had been successful in England. That was no guide for us. By the passage of the Hazen bill the railroads of the State would be practically turned over into the hands of an uncontrollable monopoly. What people want is competition, not monopoly. By the adoption of the Hazen bill the interests of Manchester would be turned over to the tender mercies of a corporation. That city was now well served because of competition, and he did not believe her citizens wanted it destroyed. He believed it a dangerous thing to give to any body of men the control of the railroads of the State for 99 years.

Mr. Bean of Belmont said that a petition nominally in the interest of the Lake Shore, but really for the Boston & Maine railroad, had been circulated this morning. Thousands copies of which had been circulated in this House. He held an affidavit of a business man that he signed that petition under misrepresentation. Nearly nineteen-twenty of the citizens and four-fifths of the business men of his town were in favor of the Atherton and opposed to the Hazen bill. For that reason he felt it his duty to oppose the designs of the Boston & Maine to secure control of a large percentage of the railroads of the State.

THIRTY THOUSAND STOLEN.

Masked Men Stop a Train on a Trestle in Texas.

FORT WORTH, Texas, Sept. 20.—Two masked men mounted the cab of the Texas & Pacific east bound express tonight as it pulled out of Ben Brook, a small station 12 miles west of here, and, with drawn revolvers, ordered the engineer to pull on a few miles from Ben Brook. The train was stopped on a high trestle. The conductor was then made to pull on until the express car was off the trestle. Here two other masked men joined the robbers. The fireman and engineer were placed under guard and a dozen shots fired into the express car. The door was finally opened by Pacific Express Messenger Maloney. One robber entered, cleaned out the safe and passed through the mail car. Messenger Griffith offered no resistance. Every registered letter in the car was secured. The work was all done in ten minutes. The train was then brought express from San Francisco. The booty was about $30,000. The same train was robbed on the same trestle last June. No attempt was made to molest the passengers.

ZALINSKI'S DESTROYER.

The New Dynamite Gun Knocks a Schooner Into Kindling Wood.

NEW YORK, Sept. 20.—An official test was made today at Fort Lafayette of Lieut. Zalinski's long-range dynamite gun, in the presence of Secretary Whitney and representatives of the Norwegian, Spanish French, Danish, and Japanese governments. The target was an 80-ton schooner, anchored a mile from the fort. Nothing but kindling wood was left at the conclusion of the test. The gun throws a cartridge containing 50 pounds of dynamite. Another gun is being constructed to throw 600 pounds of dynamite.

Want the Embargo Off.

OTTAWA, Ont., Sept. 20.—The embargo recently imposed on cattle entering the United States from Nova Scotia has not yet been removed, and the Intercolon

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 21.

We do not read anonymous letters and communications. The name and address of the writer are in all cases indispensable, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

We cannot undertake to return or preserve communications that are not used.

The most important, and also the most shameless, event of the Democratic State convention of Massachusetts was the report of the committee appointed to investigate the distribution of the federal offices in Massachusetts, otherwise known as the "smelling committee." This committee have computed, inaccurately as they themselves confess, that of 4614 federal office holders in the State 3828 are Republicans. Boldly and without shame the report avows the principle that these offices now held by Republicans, who are tried and veteran officers no doubt, should be apportioned out to the Democratic party because the Democratic party needs them. Collector Saltonstall and Postmaster Corse are denounced for holding themselves and their offices aloof from the scramble for spoils. The Boston Post, the ablest and most respectable Democratic paper in New England, frankly and forcibly condemns this disgraceful report, comparing it with the Democratic State platforms of 1882 and 1884, wherein the party declared that "fitness, not favor, should be the passport to the public service," that "there should be no removals of government employes before the expiration of their terms of service, except for cause," and that the civil service must be "kept free of all corrupting dependence upon political favor and patronage."

The Meteorite Not a Great Wonder.

Had the great meteorite really fallen near Vanceboro instead of in some unknown waste of the East, there would have been nothing very extraordinary about the occurrence, unless a more accurate survey had shown that the object was really as "large as a box car," as was first reported. In that case it would probably have beaten the record of meteorites. These objects are continually falling. Hardly a museum of any importance in the world is lacking a specimen. Some of them are very large. One that fell in Alsace in 1492 weighs 260 pounds; in the Royal Academy of Stockholm is an immense meteorite weighing 25 tons; in the museum of Copenhagen is another weighing 10 tons; the British museum has a specimen weighing 5 tons and the Russians at St. Petersburg have one of 1635 pounds. In America the Smithsonian Institute has a meteorite of 1400 pounds brought from Mexico; Yale College has over one hundred specimens, one of 1635 pounds weight. Specimens of meteoric iron can probably be seen in any of the college cabinets, and in many private collections in Maine. The larger specimens, however, are by no means common. Lieutenant C. C. Cusick, U. S. A., now stationed in Portland, was the lucky finder of a large meteorite, while stationed at Fort Duncan, on the Rio Grande, in Texas in 1882. His attention was attracted by the metallic appearance of a boulder on an ancient terrace on the American side of the river. In shape it was ovoidal; quite symmetrical, in surface quite smooth, measuring twelve by ten by six inches in three diameters and weighing ninety-seven and one quarter pounds. A long description of this meteorite, which is named the Maverick from the county of Texas in which Lieutenant Cusick found it, was published in the American Journal of Science. In its composition it was nearly all iron. When a portion of its surface was smoothed, the metal was found to be of unusual whiteness, with a lustre somewhat like that of mercury. The iron was quite soft, could be cut easily with a knife, had a specific gravity of 7.522, and when analyzed showed a composition of iron, 94.90 per cent., phosphorus, 0.23, nickel and cobalt, 4.87. There were sulphur and carbon in traces. Previous to Lieutenant Cusick's discovery, three other masses of meteoric iron had been discovered in Texas. But astronomers assert that meteors are falling almost continually, only most of them do not reach the earth without being reduced to dust. The atmosphere acts as an air cushion. The flying missiles, coming from space, are ignited by friction in passing through the air, and in the majority of cases fall to earth as harmless meteoric dust, which is found on the highest mountain tops and is dredged from the depths of the ocean. Scientists estimate that from this source alone there is a constant and by no means insignificant addition to the earth's mass going on from year to year. August and November are the months when meteors are most often seen.

Some Last Words.

Gen. Dow admits now that the law does make it "uncomfortable and unprofitable" for the rumseller. His complaint now seems to be that it does not make it unprofitable and uncomfortable quickly enough. He personally drove three rumsellers out of business, but it took him eighteen months. Apparently he wants some process by which he can accomplish the same feat in eighteen minutes. What that process would be, however, he explains only in a very vague and indefinite manner. He would substitute the explosive bullet for bird shot, the broad axe for the hatchet and the sledge hammer for the lighter tool. It is impossible to discuss a programme that is so indefinitely outlined. But a remedy typified by an explosive bullet, it seems to us, would be a rather dangerous one to introduce into a civilized community.

When a foul murder has been committed in the community a great many good men are seized with an impulse to hang the murderer without judge or jury. The impulse is not a discreditable one. It is the offspring of the horror which the foul deed of the criminal has roused in their breasts. For the moment they see nothing but the immediate effect of such a policy—which is the ridding of the world of a man whose nature has sunk to the level of the wild beastss. If the murderer is brought into court and his trial is protracted, and the case goes to a higher court on questions of law, then these good men grow impatient. They complain of the law's delay. They want the court to work with a broad axe instead of a hatchet. Sometimes in their anger they insinuate that the court is in collusion with the criminal.

But when these good men grow cool they are sure to see that the ultimate effects of gratifying their impulse to hang the murderer without judge or jury could not be other than disastrous. Their impatience, too, at the slowness of the courts generally appears unreasonable. Now Gen. Dow, when he approaches the question of the suppression of the liquor traffic is entirely oblivious to the effect of any measure except the effect it may have on the liquor traffic and the men engaged in it. Like the husbandman in the Scriptural parable, when he sees a tare in the wheat field his impulse is to pull it up in the most expeditious manner possible. He is entirely oblivious to the danger that in jerking up the tare he may jerk up a lot of wheat with it, or that in his haste he may confound the two and get hold of the wheat instead of the tare. The hatchet cuts too slowly for him, and he seizes the broad axe, in spite of the danger of hewing over the line. Now these impulses are not discreditable. They perhaps demonstrate his sincerity and show his abhorrence of the liquor traffic, but they frequently lead him to advocate rash and dangerous methods, and to asperse the motives and conduct of other men. His letter in another column contains several insinuations of this character. One of them is that the special docket was created for the benefit of rumsellers and is used to-day to enable the prosecuting officer to "let up" on them. Now practically the special docket has existed as long as courts have existed in this State. A certain amount of discretion has always been allowed to the prosecuting officer and the judge. It is for the interest of the State that it should be so. Under this discretion, long before the Superior court came into existence, cases were continued from term to term for sentence and were marked not to be brought forward except by order of the court. When the criminal business was transferred from the Supreme to the Superior court, Judge Goddard ordered all such cases to be placed on a special docket. Instead of being in the interest of the criminal this docket was really in the interest of the prosecution, for under the old practice these cases were often lost track of and practically passed out of existence. The special docket preserved them. Gen. Dow insinuates that nothing but rum cases ever go on to this docket. Gen. Dow is entirely wrong. All sorts of offences, excepting the most heinous, are found on this docket. The only reason why rum cases predominate is because the rum cases far outnumber any other class of cases that come before the court. Instead of being a hindrance to the suppression of the liquor traffic, as Gen. Dow appears to think, it has really been a help. Men have been kept permanently out of the rum business by it, whom imprisonment would have kept out only for the few months they were in jail. There has never been the slightest evidence that any of our judges were abusing the discretion which immemorial usage confers on them. If Gen. Dow has such evidence in his possession his duty is clear: he should lay it before the Legislature. Unless he has such proof it is dishonorable and unworthy a gentleman of Gen. Dow's character and profession to throw out such insinuations. Gen. Dow knows perfectly well that the judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts of Maine are all of them now entirely above suspicion.

In closing for the present the discussion with Gen. Dow, we should like to call attention briefly to a number of facts, the truth of which we believe cannot be gainsaid:

First, we assert that there is no law in the statute book so well calculated to suppress the offence against which it is directed as the prohibitory law. Were it perfectly enforced, illegal traffic in intoxicating liquors could not exist.

Second, there is no law on the statute book which has half the machinery to enforce it with. A special force is created by the Legislature in every county whose entire business is to enforce this law; and authority is given the Governor when this force proves inadequate to create another special force.

Third, to secure the faithful enforcement of this law the power to remove county attorneys was given to the Governor and these officers were compelled in prosecuting liquor sellers to allege a previous conviction if one existed.

Fourth, there is no law on the statute book which requires so little evidence to convict the violator of it as the prohibitory law. The mere fact that a man has paid a liquor tax to the United States is declared by statute to be sufficient.

Yet notwithstanding all this machinery, notwithstanding all these precautions, it is notoriously a fact that in many places the enforcement is very lax and in some hardly worthy of the name. What is the explanation? It is that in these places an energizing public sentiment is wanting. The officers are indifferent because the public is indifferent. If Gen. Dow will discover some way to supply this want he will have no reason to complain that the officers are negligent. But that lack cannot be supplied by substituting broad axes for hatchets or explosive bullets for bird shot.

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE PHANTOM SHIP.
[Boston Record.]

The phantom vessel reported down East may be Whittier's "Dead Ship of Harpswell."

A WEAK AND UNTENABLE POSITION.
[Providence Journal.]

It is announced from Washington that the active participation of Federal officers in the last Democratic convention, in Pennsylvania, has drawn from the President nothing but the easily made promise that "when definite charges are made against them the President will investigate, and if he finds that his warning has been set at naught, it will go hard with them." This is precisely the position he has already taken with reference to similar instances of disobedience. In the Baltimore case, for example, the most glaring and notorious of its kind, his only explanation for not even reprimanding Higgins and his associates was the evasive remark that the violation of his order had not been officially brought to his attention." We may assume, then, that his policy in this regard is fixed. Having issued his order forbidding Federal officers to participate "in the manipulation of political primary meetings and nominating Conventions," and having, in some instances, it is now said, supplemented this by a private warning before the event, he is content to sit idly back, see his commands continually disobeyed, and all because no one comes before him to prefer "definite charges." This may be a very comfortable policy for the President to pursue, it may save him a deal of personal trouble and annoyance; but it must be insisted that the excuse he makes for his inaction is a weak and untenable one.

"Unprofitable and Uncomfortable."

To the Editor of the Press:

I am very glad indeed of the opportunity afforded me, kindly, by the PRESS to lay out before the people, our view of what the law should be, to suppress the liquor traffic promptly and thoroughly. It is time, as the PRESS says, that the law as it now is, would suppress the grog shops by constant and vigilant work, if all its officials were honest men in the discharge of their duty. But as the law is, the rum shops would spring up again as soon as the vigilance of the officers—even if honest—should be relaxed.

Liquor is not sold in violation of law for the fun of it, but for the profit of it. The number of grog shops in the city has not been diminished by even one in the last ten years, and that is conclusive proof that somehow, there is yet profit in the trade, and somehow, the discomfort of it is not such as to discourage those who persist in it. If the last Legislature had conceded to us the legislation we asked for, there would not be even one such place in the city to-day. What is the objection, can anybody answer? to giving us such legislation as we desire, if the purpose really is honestly to suppress the liquor traffic in Maine.

What would be thought of a carpenter who should employ a hammer that would require a dozen blows to drive a nail home, when with a suitable tool he could do it with two blows or even with one. What would be thought of him, if he should employ a shingling hatchet in hewing squared timber from the trunks of oak trees? What would be thought of men going out to hunt a dangerous animal with no other projectiles than bird shot? Could not they kill him with that? Yes, in time if they would keep up a protracted fusillade. Men of common sense would employ in such an expedition, rifles and explosible balls if they could obtain them.

The officers of the law are not faithful in the execution of the statute against the grog shops, as all the world knows. What then? So arrange the law as to make it uncomfortable and unprofitable to those who violate or shirk their duty, and that can easily be done. It is true, as the PRESS says, that large quantities of liquor are seized and poured out in the course of the year and that considerable sums of money in fines are paid into court, and that some rumsellers are imprisoned but yet the liquor continues to come in and to be sold, which is conclusive proof that there is yet "money in the trade." The PRESS of to-day, Monday, contains this paragraph:

"There has been a good deal of beer seized by the police lately. Yesterday morning officers Sylvester and Eaton made a large seizure from the cars; officers Warren and Brackett seized 51 bottles of lager beer from Mr. Finch and 4 barrels of beer were got from Mrs. Flaherty."

Now, all this has been going on since June, 1875, as much then as now, as much now as then. Everybody can see that this is absurd, if the intention really is to stop the liquor trade entirely. There was a defiant rumseller here who had been convicted 48 times, and yet he kept open shop. I took his case in hand myself and in six months drove Lim out of the trade. His brother took his place and in six months more, I drove him out. Then his brother-in-law comes in and in six months more I drove him out, and now the shop is occupied by a legitimate trade. All this occupied a long time and much hard work to accomplish. Is not this absurd, if the honest purpose is to suppress the grog shops? It is perfectly easy so to arrange the law that the first blow will send the nail home. Where is the honest temperance man who objects to that?

We temperance men propose our plan for doing it. It is no project of perpetual motion nor of Keely's motor, but a plain, commonsense proposal to employ a hammer that will drive the nail home promptly; to employ a good, sharp broad-axe and not a shingling hatchet to hew the trunks of oak trees; to use rifles and explosive balls, not bird shot, in hunting tigers; that's all of it.

The PRESS says, and I believe truly:

"And for these offenses he (the rumseller) must go to jail for several months. There is no discretion in the court. He *must* go to jail."

Yes, that seems to be the law as I read it, but what are the facts? They do not go to jail, nor pay the fines as the law positively commands. It seems to me to be hocus-pocus, but probably it is all fair and honest, because we have no respectable court that would deliberately and persistently nullify the law.

On the Liquor Docket for the September term 1885, there were 308 cases undisposed of. The list begins with eight cases against the same man, marked "Not to be brought forward without special order of court." That is to say, this man was pardoned, not by the Governor, but by the Court, which says in effect that the man shall not pay and shall not go to jail, as the law peremptorily commands. One hundred cases were marked "Continued." Many of these cases disappear from the docket by and by. There is probably some law authorizing this by way of pardoning criminals, but I do not know where it is to be found. I have all the Liquor Dockets for this country since the law required them to be published, and they show an extraordinary method of dealing with the liquor-selling crime. All of these dockets are of the same general character, and they will be interesting reading by and by, and will occupy a prominent place some day in a History of the Maine Law, as showing how the Court don't do it. The September Docket, 1886, contains 348 cases not disposed of. Many of those of preceding dockets are not on this one. Thirty-four of these cases are marked "Continued, not to be brought forward unless by special order of the Court." The Docket January term, 1887, contains 373 cases not disposed of; 50 of them are marked "continued, not to be brought forward unless by special order of the court." The Docket for May term, 1887, contains 348 cases not disposed of, 39 of which are marked in that same wonderful way. What would be thought of it if cases of robbery, burglary, incendiarism, murder were to be "continued, not to be brought forward unless by special order of court?" There must be a remedy for this some day, or the administration of the law will become a farce.

The original Maine law left no discretion to the courts, which were expressly forbidden to diminish the penalties of fine and imprisonment in any way. The cases were not to be "continued" for trial or sentence, but were to take precedence in the county of all other cases, except those in which the parties were in jail awaiting trial. At the end of the first year of the Maine law the liquor traffic was reduced to lower proportions than it has to-day; and this arises largely from the discretion permitted to the courts, and the still larger discretion assumed by them for which there is no law, and which we will have corrected by and by. The discretion of the courts with most judges will always be exercised in favor of the rumsellers. That is our experience.

Everybody knows who has any knowledge of the matter that prompt administration of the law is a very important factor in maintaining law and order in the community. The practice in some States in the law's delay is a scandal to the country, and tends to foster crime. The papers tell us recently that after some two years' delay those villains, the dynamiters of Chicago, who murdered 68 policemen, have at last been sentenced to die, and the judge broke down and almost cried when pronouncing their doom, as if they were first-class citizens sentenced for unpopular opinions.

The PRESS is mistaken in thinking that there is in this State any respectable "sentiment" in favor of grog shops or in favor of a lax administration of the law. I know that there is a sort of sentiment of that kind, noisy and obtrusive, but it is confined to that part of an honorable profession which thrives upon vice and crime, whose profits would be nil if the grog shops were entirely suppressed—as they will be some day.

NEAL DOW.

SCALY, ITCHY SKIN

And All Itching and Scaly Skin and Scalp Diseases Cured by Cuticura.

PSORIASIS, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Lichen, Pruritus, Scald Head, Milk Crust, Dandruff, Barbers' Bakers', Grocers' and Washerwoman's Itch, and every species of Itching, Burning, Scaly, Pimply Humors of the Skin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, are positively cured by CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, and CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier externally, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier internally, when physicians and all other remedies fail.

PSORIASIS, OR SCALY SKIN.

I, John J. Chase, D. D. S., having practised dentistry in this country for thirty-five years and being well known to thousands hereabouts, with a view to help any who are afflicted as I have been for the past twelve years, testify that the CUTICURA REMEDIES cured me of Psoriasis, or Scaly Skin, in eight days, after the doctors with whom I had consulted gave me no help or encouragement. JOHN J. CASE, D. D. S.
NEWTON, N. J.

DISTRESSING ERUPTION.

Your CUTICURA REMEDIES performed a wonderful cure last summer on one of our customers, an old gentlemen of seventy years of age, who suffered with a fearfully distressing eruption on his head and face, and who had tried all remedies and doctors to no purpose. J. F. SMITH & CO.,
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H. E. Carpenter, Henderson, N. Y., cured of Psoriasis or Leprosy, of twenty years' standing, by CUTICURA REMEDIES. The most wonderful cure on record. A dustpanful of scales fell from him daily. Physicians and his friends thought he must die.

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IT FEELS GOOD.

Those worn out with Pains, Aches and Weaknesses find **relief in one minute** in the **Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster.** At druggists. 25 cents.
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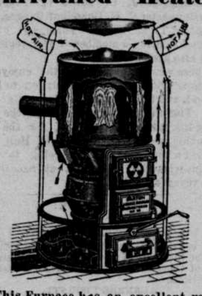

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They are economical in fuel—dust and gas tight.

These Furnaces are made in various sizes, and are arranged for either brick or galvanized iron casing, and are placed under our own supervision.

Before selecting a Furnace for your Residence, Store or Church, call on us and we will show you one of the best Heaters ever made.

Estimates will be given for Furnaces set up in the house, ready for the fire.

Among our many city references, we refer to

Gen. Neal Dow, Portland Savings Bank, Clarence Hale, Col. John C. Cobb, W. H. Dennett, Samuel Rolfe, Jr., Dr. Albert Evans, John Calvin Stevens, Frank B. Clark, Orin L. Lord, M. S. Fisher, Prentiss Loring, Fred W. Robinson, Warren W. Cole, James E. Marrett, John W. York, Frederick Jones, Andrew J. Rich, Mrs. W. H. McAllister, W. H. Jewett, S. Mathias, F. W. Buxton.

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sep1 dtf

RUBY'S ROYAL GILDING

"Rich as GOLD LEAF."—N. Y. HERALD.
Opinion of GEN. U. S. GRANT:
RUBY'S GILDING merits more praise than I can bestow, and it deserves a welcome in every American home."
RUBY'S GILDING gives the brilliant effect of SOLID GOLD, no matter where applied, and it may be used by the most inexperienced amateur.

FOR LADIES.

RUBY'S GILDING is valuable for Gilding Household Ornaments, Furniture, Frames, Cornices, Baskets, Fans, Decorative Painting, &c.
Ruby's Gilding was used in decorating the splendid homes of W. H. VANDERBILT, JUDGE HILTON, GENERAL GRANT, and many other wealthy and distinguished New Yorkers. A Camel's Hair Brush in each box. Price **50** cents. By mail **60** cents.
[Also in large bottles for Manf'rs and Gilders.]
Ask for RUBY'S GILDING. Take no substitute.
Sold by all ART DEALERS and DRUGGISTS.
New York Chemical Mf'g Co., 3 East 4th St., N.Y.
Sold by **OWEN, MOORE & CO., 505 Congress Street.** sept19eod&w1m

STOP

At your druggist's,
and get a bottle of Dr. Flower's Nerve Pills. 100 pills for a dollar.
jly29 1st,2dor4thparmcF

GUNS.
Revolvers and Ammunition. Wholesale and Retail.
"Club" Paper Shells,
$6.65 per Thousand.
G. L. BAILEY, 263 Middle St.
Sep 12 eodtf

MISCELLANEOUS.

For general Household purposes The Index Soap is The best to use, simply For the reason that it Is pure and will not roughen The hands. Surely a soap That does not roughen the hands Cannot injure the articles washed.
sep10 dtf

STILL THEY GO.

I have just received another Large Lot of those Wonderful

TEN CENT BOOKS,

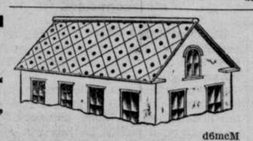
Sale Commences THIS MORNING. Also an Elegant Line of

VASES IN BEAUTIFUL TINTS

At Prices Lower than Ever Before Offered. Look at my Show Windows.

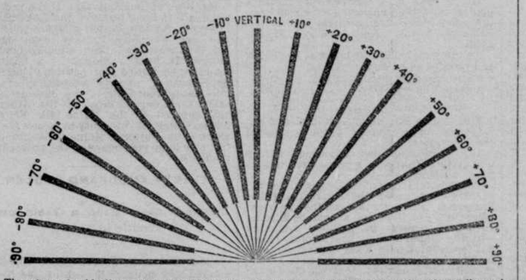
FRANK B. CLARK,
515 Congress St.
sep17 dtf

BEST ROOF
In the World is the Montross Patent
Metal Shingles.
Send for Circulars and Price-Lists Free.
E. VAN NOORDEN & CO.,
383 Harrison Ave., Boston, Mass.
jy4 d6meM



SPECTACLES.
EYE GLASSES.

We have a large assortment and are prepared to adjust the same upon scientific principles. We use NACHET'S TRIAL CASE, together with the OPTHALMOSCOPIC TEST LENSE, combining the best methods known for detecting all optical defects of the eye and determining the lenses needed for their correction.



These lines should all appear equally black to a normal eye. Persons to whom the above lines do not appear equally black at five or ten feet, have a visual imperfection which common spectacles will not improve. They must have special lenses ground to correct the deformity of the corneas. This defect is called ASTIGMATISM.

Spectacles for 25 cents. Eye Glasses for 25 cents
" " " " " " 0 "
—ALSO A—
FULL LINE OF GENUINE PEBBLES.

PEBBLE SPECTACLES for $1.50 each. PEBBLE EYE GLASSES for $1.50 each
Always cool. Never become Scratched, and more durable than Glass.
A Large Variety of Gold Spectacles and Eye Glasses, best quality, at $4.00, $5.00 and $6.00 each.

GEORGE C. FRYE,
Corner Congress and Franklin Streets.
jan10 eodtf

PURE CIDER VINEGAR,
Analized by State Assayers,
AND
WHOLE MIXED SPICES
For Pickling Purposes.
W. L. WILSON & CO.,
THE GROCERS.
sep14 eodtf

"SILVER TIPPED" OATS.

This Oat is carefully selected from the best grades and fills the requirements of Horses better than any other. They are manufactured or improved by machinery, the end or loose fiber clipped off and the oat thoroughly cleaned and all dirt as well as objectionable stuff removed, leaving the oat plump and ready for the horse to enjoy eating. It is not economy to feed horses poor food or force them to eat dirt and refuse that causes heaves or other ailments. All who have had experience in feeding oats, find much that is objectionable in regular grades, which can only be avoided by removal; nearly 1-3 less of "SILVER TIPPED" are equal any regular graded No. 2 white as they outweigh in proportion to that difference and are, practically speaking solid meats. They run uniform, also bright, sweet and clean, grading the highest in any market. They are the best and cheapest to feed, also the nicest Seed Oat, being free from all foreign substance and no harm having been done them to prevent growing.

Any one who will give them consideration and a trial will be sure to use them, as they are in all respects a first class oat, and the most economical and best Feed for Horses. Ready sale and increased demand has been established in the larger markets elsewere and have become very popular wherever known. The manufacturer desires to introduce these oats throughout Maine on their merits and takes this manner of bringing them before the public.

"SILVER TIPPED" can be obtained from the following Portland firms who handle them direct in car lots:

PARIS FLOURING CO.
***S. A. & J. H. TRUE.**
***F. A. WALDRON & SON.**
KENSELL & TABOR.
GEO. W. TRUE & CO.
***S. W. THAXTER & CO.**
NORTON, CHAPMAN & CO.
***Bag Lots for Sale.**
au31 eod2m

REMEMBER
—THE—
CUMBERLAND FAIR
SEPTEMBER 21 and 22.

An unusual large field of horses are entered for the races. Excellent dinners will be served as usual. Round trip tickets from Portland, including conveyance from station and admission to grounds, $1.00; Lewiston, Freeport, and intermediate stations at the same rates; mixed train leaves Cumberland for Portland at 6.30 p.m. The barge Mayflower and other barges will run regularly from the trains and will leave the Fair Grounds for Portland train at 5.30 p. m.

JACK SPRATT will trot Free Exhibition Heats each day.
sep20 d3t

WEDDING
Invitations engraved or printed. **W. W. DAVIS & CO., Engravers, 44 West St., Boston.** Send for samples and estimates. sep12eod2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

HASKELL & JONES,
Clothiers and Men's Furnishers,

Call attention to something new in the way of Underwear. We are prepared to take measures and make to order and fit all shapes and sizes, tall or short, fat or lean, big or little, Shirts and Drawers in four different weights, from the very best material obtainable. Please call and examine samples of goods and makeup. The Shirts if desired will be made double breasted and re-enforced down the back between the shoulders where so many need special protection from the severity of our Winter weather. Now is the time to have these things under way and be ready for cold weather when it comes.

HASKELL & JONES,
470 Congress Street, Portland.
sep9 dtf

YOUNG MEN'S
NOBBY
Suits and Overcoats
FOR FALL WEAR,
JUST RECEIVED
AT
C. J. FARRINGTON'S,
180 Middle Street 182,
NEAR EXCHANGE ST.
sep17 dtf

Many people seem LAZY when simply in need of a tonic! Quaker Bitters gives renewed vitality.

QUAKER BITTERS, PURELY VEGETABLE.
Safe, Sure and Speedy Cure of
DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS PROSTRATION, DEBILITY, DEPRESSION, GENERAL DEBILITY, SLEEPLESSNESS, etc.
QUAKER BITTERS are Especially Valuable to WOMEN.
Send to QUAKER MEDICINE CO., Providence, R. I., for Circulars and Cards.

QUAKER BITTERS have been in the market 25 years, and have been thoroughly tested; and to prove that they possess the merits we claim for them, any one purchasing a bottle of Quaker Bitters, and after using two-thirds of it can show that they have received no benefit from its use, can have their money refunded,—and we hereby authorize all dealers to return the amount paid. je20MW&F6m

POZZONI'S MEDICATED COMPLEXION
Imparts a Brilliant Transparency to the Skin. Removes all Pimples, Freckles and Discolorations. For Sale by all First-Class Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.
POWDER.

ETNA FURNACE

The great sales of the ETNA prove the fact that it is the
MOST SUCCESSFUL
AND
MOST POPULAR FURNACE
Now on the market. For Durability, Simplicity, Economy, and Healthy, pure, warm air it has no equal. All the joints are cup-joints, and are perfectly gas-tight. It is self-cleaning, has anti-clinker grate, patent dust-flue, upright shaker, sifting grate, and double water pans. It combines the greatest improvements ever embodied in a heating furnace.
If not for sale in your vicinity, please send for testimonials and price list.
MANUFACTURED AND FOR SALE BY
WOOD, BISHOP & CO.,
BANGOR, ME.
my9 eod6m

SMOKE T.D.&Co
T.D.&Co CIGARS
The Best Five Cent Cigars in the World.
Dealers sell them. Trade oan order of THOMAS DANA & CO., Boston.
aug1 eod2m

SCARBORO AND CAPE ELIZABETH FAIR.
All entries for the following races will close, Friday, Sept. 23, at 10 a. m.

3-Minute Class,	Purse	$25.00
Society Horses,	"	25.00
50 Class,	"	50.00
Free to All,	"	100.00

ENTRANCE FEE 10 PER CENT OF PURSE.
sep20d3t S. D. PLUMMER, Sec'y.

Fancy Work!
We have a very choice line of FANCY WORK and would invite the Ladies of Portland and Vicinity to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
MISS FAIRWEATHER,
No. 8 Elm Street.
my17 dtf

TRUNKS AND BAGS.
Before buying a Trunk of any kind, look at the
PATENT WOOD TRUNK.
COE is sole agent for them, and warrants them the strongest made. Also Zinc, Leather, Canvas, &c.
COE,
197 Middle Street
NOT GONE TO CALIFORNIA!
Lamson, the Jeweller
But still doing business at 177 Middle St. A he expects to remove later, he is selling Watches Clocks and Jewelry, **Cheap to Close.** Silver Ware, Spectacles, Opera and Spy Glasses, Toilet Sets, &c. jly20dft

FINANCIAL.

WE OFFER FOR SALE at Par and Interest
SOME CHOICE
Water Works Six Per Cent. Bonds, Principal and Interest of which are Guaranteed.
We also have for sale City of Portland 6s, Maine Central R. R. 7s and many other reliable investment securities.
H. M. PAYSON & CO.,
32 EXCHANGE ST.
jy15 dtf

HOME BONDS.

Rockland,	6s and 4s
Bath,	6s and 4s
Portland,	6s
Portland & Ogdensburg 1st,	6s
Waldoboro,	6s
Anson,	4s
Portland,	4s

Aretas Shurtleff,
BANKER AND BROKER,
194 Middle Street,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
je20 dtf

Omaha Water Works
Six Per Cent First Consolidated Mortgage Bonds, due 1907.

GROSS REVENUE for the ensuing year on the basis of present applications and contracts, will exceed	$200,000
OPERATING EXPENSES	45,000
	$155,000
INTEREST on outstanding bonds	120,000
SURPLUS above expenses and interest charges,	$ 35,000

If the average rate of increase for the past three years is continued, the gross earnings for the ensuing year will be $250,000, but the gross earnings given are only on the basis of **present applications and contracts.**

FOR SALE BY
WOODBURY & MOULTON,
BANKERS,
Cor. Middle & Exchange Sts.
sep9-dtf

PORTLAND TRUST COMPANY
First National Bank Building.
City, County and Railroad Bonds, and other First-Class Securities.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS
je10 eodtf

PULLEN, CROCKER & CO.
Bankers and Brokers,
NO. 33 EXCHANGE STREET.
Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange.
PRIVATE WIRE TO NEW YORK AND BOSTON
INVESTMENT SECURITIES FOR SALE.
NEW YORK CORRESPONDENTS,
CHARLES HEAD & CO.
BOSTON,
CHARLES HEAD & CO.
Quotations constantly displayed.
STANLEY T. PULLEN, FRANK C. CROCKER.
dec1 eodtf

WE OFFER
Subject to Sale,

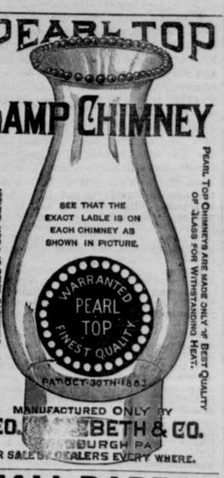
Biddeford Municipal	4s
Denominations, $500,	
Bath Municipal	4s
Deering	4s
Bangor	6s
Maine Central R. R.	7s
Miami County Ohio Court House	6s
Casco National Bank Stock.	
National Traders Bank Stock.	

SWAN & BARRETT,
BANKERS,
186 Middle Street, Portland, Me.
aug9 dtf

HASKELL & JONES,
470 Congress Street,
Have the sale in Portland of
BONNEY'S DUCK COAT,
Both long and short. A garment for Grocerymen, Druggists, Boot and Shoe Men, and especially adapted for use in all manufactories where a garment to keep the clothing clean is necessary.
A trial of this Coat will prove its usefulness.
Also Carpenters' Duck Aprons. Call and examine.

HASKELL & JONES,
Lancaster Building,
470 Congress St., - - Portland.
sep9 dtf

PEARL TOP
LAMP CHIMNEY



WALL PAPERS
Closing - Out Sale at Less than Half Price. Call and See our Patterns and Low Prices.
LORING, SHORT & HARMON.
sep12 d2w

W. F. TODD 431 CONGRESS ST. OPP. FELLOWS HALL — LOWEST PRICES — WATCHES JEWELRY SILVERWARE

AMUSEMENTS.

The Monster Turtle!
(Weight 1432 Pounds,)
will be on exhibition for a few days before going to the Worlds Museum, at Boston, at the store in Farrington Block, lately vacated by Stubbs.
Admission, 10 cents. sep20d1w

BASE BALL.
Salems v. Portlands!
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21.
Coming—Lowells, Friday and Saturday, Sept. 23-24
Game called at 3 o'clock. Admission 25 cents.

Robert F. Somers & Co. will give a Silk Hat to any player of the Portland club that will make a home run on the home grounds in a league game.
sep20 d5t

PORTLAND THEATRE
Two Nights.
Thursday and Friday, Sept. 22 and 23.
"THE FUNNIEST OF THEM ALL."
--FRONT!--
Only appearance here, of the
ORIGINAL SPARKS COMPANY.
(Edonin & Sanger, - - Proprietors.)
In the Greatest of all Successes,
A BUNCH OF KEYS OR, THE HOTEL!
BY CHAS. H. HOYT.
THE ORIGINAL CAST.
New Features! New Melodies! New Songs Dances and Witticisms.

Prices 75, 50, and 35 cents. Sale of seats at Box Office Tuesday Morning. sep17d1w

STOCKBRIDGE
COURSE TICKETS
Now on Sale at Stockbridge's Music Store
sep19 d1w

Y. M. C. A. COURSE.
SIX ENTERTAINMENTS
AT—
CITY HALL.

No. 1—Wednesday Evening, Oct. 5.
Lecture by the Eminent Orator,
GEN. GEO. A. SHERIDAN.
SUBJECT:
"The Modern Pagan"
[A reply to Col. Bob Ingersoll].
Gen. Sheridan is strongly endorsed by Gen. Lew Wallace, author of "Ben Hur," and by the famous Gen. Phil Sheridan. **Evening Tickets 50 cts.**

No. 2—Thursday Evening, Oct. 20.
Grand Concert by the Kanga Geza,
Hungarian Gypsy Quartette!
[From Buda-Pesth].
Recently the leading Soloists of Prince Lichtenstein's Hungarian Band and formerly at the Court of Prince Esterhazy. Assisted by **Miss ANNIE L. ORR, Contralto Vocalist,** and **Prof. L. L. BYRON, Reader.**
Evening Tickets 50 cts.

No. 3—Thursday Evening, Nov. 3.
Recitals and Impersonations by
STUART ROGERS!
Mr. Rogers appeared twice before in our Course with great acceptance. Among his impersonations will be that of RT. HON. WM. E. GLADSTONE
Evening Tickets 50 cts.

No. 4—Monday Evening, Nov. 28.
Illustrated Lecture by
C. E. BOLTON
SUBJECT:
"Vienna to Constantinople."
Evening Tickets 50 cts.

No. 5—Thursday Evening, Dec. 22.
Lecture by
REV. J. H. VINCENT, D. D.
SUBJECT:
"THAT BOY'S SISTER."
Dr. Vincent was obtained with great difficulty, owing to the great number of his previous engagements. **Evening Tickets 50 cts.**

No. 6—Thursday Evening, Jan. 19.
Engagement of
HANNIBAL A. WILLIAMS,
of NEW

THE PRESS.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 21.

WIT AND WISDOM.

Wife—Pretty time of night for you to come.

Husband—Woman, if you (hic) will read the papers you will learn that Professor Brooks's new comet (hic) don't rise until 4 a. m.

Wife—Oh yes, you've been looking at the comet of course.

Husband—Why shouldn't I look at the comet? D'ye expect me to sink into an unastronomical ignoramus just because I (hic) got married, say?

If you are nervous or dyspeptic try Carter's Little Nerve Pills. Dyspepsia makes you nervous, and nervousness makes you dyspeptic; either one renders you miserable and these little pills cure both.

Old resident—Hello, Frank! Why weren't you at Mr. Brown's funeral?

Frank (lately blown village swell)—I did not know Brown—at least very slightly; and anyway I have no time for funerals; don't believe I'd have time to go to my own.

Old resident—And if you do, by that time ye'll be so stiff ye won't know anybody.

Always avoid harsh purgative pills. They first make you sick, and then leave you constipated. Carter's Little Liver Pills regulate the bowels and make you well. Dose, one pill.

"Lemmy, you're a pig!" said a father to his son, who was five years old. "Now do you know what a pig is?"

"Yes, sir. A pig is a hog's little boy."

Quaker Bitters, as a family medicine, has no equal. The full and positive effect of this great purifier of the blood is most speedy. The appetite is restored, digestion improved, and purer and better material poured in the blood for the nutrition and growth of every part. Twenty-four years' use in New England is a guarantee of its worth. It is the best Spring medicine ever known.

Use Little Quaker Pills; purely vegetable, small, and pleasant to take.

They tell a good story at the Press Club about one of the nautical reporters of the Herald. Some three years ago there was a young journalist employed in the capacity at a salary of $15 a week; a collision had occurred between two steamers and some lives had been lost. The young reporter wrote a florid description in which he used the words, speaking of the moment when the vessel collided, "the scene that followed baffles description." Young Bennett was at home and went for him.

"Why did you not describe the scene that followed instead of saying that it baffled description?" thundered the great man.

"Why, it did baffle description."

"What do you mean, sir?"

"That it baffled the description of any $15 a week reporter."

Bennett raised his salary.

Caution!—In our changeable climate, coughs, and diseases of the throat, lungs and chest will always prevail. Cruel consumption will claim its victims These diseases, if attended to in time, can be arrested and cured. The remedy is DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

Cook—Shure, mum, your pet bull-dorg's just affther bitin' th' lig 'most off av the butcher bye!

Mistress—Dear, dear! How dreadfully annoying. I do hope he was a clean boy, Mary.

Take Care of the Pennies,

Americans are said to be a careless, moneyspending people, who disdain, or do not care to practice those small economies which the French and German nations, for example, find necessary. There is probably some truth in this charge, for in America money comes easier than in the old countries, and also goes easier. Yet, America is the land of invention, and of new ideas, and of universal progress. Among the new ideas, one which has occasioned a good deal of talk, is the adaptation of Lactart and Honey to the cure of coughs and colds. This preparation is put up by the Avery Lactate Company, of Boston, the manufacturers of the famous Lactart (acid of milk) and is meeting with wonderful success in the cure of coughs, colds, horseness, and sore throat. Lactart having the pure acid of milk, compounded with honey in certain proportions, is found to possess a true curative power. There is nothing very mysterious in this result, for people have always been in the habit of using "a sweet and a sour" for t. roat difficulties. But nothing in this line, as effective as Lactart and Honey, has before been tried. Dr. O. S. Sanders, one of Boston's distinguished physicians, writes: "I recommend Lactart and Honey for coughs, colds, sore throat, etc. It aids the bowels in constipation, and has a like effect in diarrhœa"; and his testimony is supported by many others. Lactart and Honey is exceedingly pleasant to take, and is sure to benefit the user.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

FREIGHTS.

The following are recent charters:

Bark Ella, Portland to Sagua, lumber $11.

Bark Marchesina, Portland to Buenos Ayres, lumber at private terms.

Bark Alexander Campbell, Philadelphia to Portland, coal at private terms.

Bark Alexander Campbell, Philadelphia to Portland, coal at private terms.

Bark Payson Tucker, Baltimore to Portland, coal at private terms.

Schr Haraldine, Portland to Buenos Ayres, lumber $9.

Schr Maggie Dalling, St. John. N. B., to Philadelphia, laths 55c.

Schrs Emma, Angie L. Green, and City of Augusta, Kennebec to Philadelphia, ice 65c.

Schr Orizimbo, New York to Portland, coal 85c

Schr M. A. Willey, Baltimore to Portland, coal $1 15.

PORTLAND WHOLESALE MARKET.

PORTLAND, Sept. 20, 1887.

The following are to-day's closing quotations of Grain, Provisions, &c.:

Flour.		Grain.	
Superfine and		Hay	
low grades	2 75@3 75	Cor'n, bag lots	59@60
X Spring and		Meal, bag lots	56@57
XX Spring	4 15@4 35	Oats, car lots	38@39
Patent Spring		Oats, bag lots	40@42
Wheats	5 00@5 25	Cotton Seed	
Mich. straight		car lots	25 25@25 50
roller	4 50@4 75	do bag	26 00@27 00
clear do	4½@4⅝	Sack Ch'r	
stone ground	25@4 50	car lots	19 00@20 00
St Louis st'gt		do bag	20 00@21 00
roller	4 75@5 00	Middlings	20 00@24 00
clear do	4 25@4 50	do bags	22 00@25 00
Winter Wheat		**Provisions.**	
Patents	5 00@5 25	Pork—	
Tea.		Backs	18 50@19 00
Cod, P qtl—		Clear	18 00@18 50
Large Shore	3 75@4 00	Mess	16 50@17 00
Large Bank	3 50@4 00	Beef—	
Small	3 00@3 25	Ex Mess	7 75@8 25
Pollock	2 25@2 75	Plate	8 75@9 25
Haddock	1 50@2 00	Ext Plate	9 25@9 75
Hake	1 25@1 75	Lard—	
Herring,		Tubs P lb	7¼@7⅜c
Scaled P bx	20@22c	Tierces	7¼@7⅜c
No 1		Pails	7¾@8⅛c
Mackerel P bbl—		Hams P lb	12@12½
Shore 1s	18 00@20 00	Tongues P lb	12@12½
Shore 2s	14 00@16 00	**Oil.**	
Med. No 1	00@12 00	Kerosene	
Large	12 00@14 00	Po Incd. Pet	6¼
Provisions.		Water White	7¼
Cranberries—		Pratt Lam'ny Wh.	10
Maine	7 00@8 00	Devoe's Brilliant	11½
Cape Cod	8 50@9 00	Lignola	7¾
Pea beans	2 60@2 65	Cases White	9¼
Medium	1 90@2 00	Centennial	7¾
German mid	80@1 85	**Raisins.**	
Yellow Eyes	1 65@1 75	Muscatel	1 60@2½
Potatoes, bush	75@80c	London Layr	1 85@2 25
St Patatoes	3 50@4 00	Ondura Lay	8@9
		Valencia	6½@7
Basket onions	75@4 00	**Sugar.**	
Turkeys	22@24	granulated P lb	6⅝
Chickens	16@18	Extra C	6⅛
Fowls	14@16	**Seeds.**	
Geese	00@00	Red Top	2 00@2½
Apples.		Timothy Seed	2 75@2⅞
		Clover	8½@12½c
Choice eating	2 00@3 00	**Cheese.**	
Common	1 50@2 00	Vermont	10@13½
Fancy Baldwins	2 50@3 00	N.Y. factory	10@13½
Evaporated	14@15c		
		Butter.	
Lemons.		Creamery P lb	25@26
Palermo	6 00@7 00	Gilt Edge Ver	22@23
Messina	6 00@7 00	Choice	19@20
Malagers		Good	16@17
Oranges.		Store	12@14
Florida		**Eggs.**	
Valencia		Eastern extras	21@22
Messina and Pa-		Can & Western	21@22
Palermo P bx	5 00@6 00	Limed	

Imports.

PARRESBORO, Bark Ella Moore—585 tons coal to G T R Co.

Schr Mayflower, 246 do.

Grain Quotations.

Received daily, by private wire, by H. N Pinkham, broker, 9 Exchange street, Portland, Me:

CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Monday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov	Dec
Opening	67¼	68⅝	69¾	71⅛
Highest	68	69	70¼	71⅝
Lowest	67⅜	68⅜	69¾	71
Closing	67⅞	68⅝	70⅛	71⅜

CORN.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov	Dec.
Opening	41	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
Highest	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛
Lowest	41	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝
Closing	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛	41⅛

OATS.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
Opening	25⅛	25⅛	25¼
Highest	25⅛	25⅜	25¾
Lowest	25⅛	25⅛	25¼
Closing	25⅛	25⅜	25⅝

Tuesday's quotations.

WHEAT.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Opening	68⅛	68¾	70⅛	71⅜
Highest	68⅝	69¼	70¼	71⅞
Lowest	68⅛	68¾	70⅛	71⅜
Closing	68⅝	69	70⅝	71¾

CORN.

	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
Opening	41½	41	41	41½
Highest	41½	41⅛	41⅛	41½
Lowest	41⅜	41	41	41½
Closing	41½	41⅛	41⅛	41½

OATS.

	July.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
Opening		25¼	25¼	25¼
Highest		25¼	25¼	25⅛
Lowest		25¼	25¼	25¼
Closing		25¼	25¼	25⅛

Portland Daily Press Stock List.

Corrected by SWAN & BARRETT, Bankers and Brokers, 186 Middle street.

STOCKS.

Descriptions.	Par Value.	Bid.	Asked
Canal National Bank	100	162	163
Casco Nat. Bank	100	150	152
First National Bank	100	120	122
Cumberland National Bank	40	51	52
Merchants' National Bank	75	122	124
National Traders' Bank	100	140	142
Ocean Insurance Co	100	75	80
Portland Company		95	100
Portland Gas Company	50	55	70

BONDS.

State of Maine 6s, due 1889	105	106
Portland City 6s, Municip'l various	100	115
Portland City 6s, R. R. aid 1907	125	126
Bath City 6s, Mun. various	102	105
Bath City 6s R. R. aid various	101	103
Bangor City 6s, long R. R. aid	113	116
Bangor City 6s, long Mun	123	125
Belfast City 6s, R. R. aid	104	106
And. & Ken. R. R. 6s, various	105	106
Portland & Ken. R. R. 6s, 1895	111	113
Leeds & Farming'n R. R. 6s	111	113
Maine Central R. R. 1st mtg 7s	121	123
Maine Central R. R. Consol 7s	135	137
Maine Central R. R. Skg Fund 6s	108	110
Portland Water Co. 1st mtg 6s	101	102
" " 2d mtg 6s	106	107
" " 3d mtg 6s	111	112

Boston Stock Market.

[By Telegraph.]

The following quotations of stocks are received daily:

New York and New England Railroad	38⅝
do pref	100
Mexican Central	13½
Flint & Pere Marquette Railroad com	30
do pref	97
C. B. & Q	132
Atch., Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad	106½
Mexican Central 4s	68
Bell Telephone	212
Western Union Central 2d series	48⅝
Mexican Central 1st 7s	
Wisconsin Central	18½
Boston & Lowell Railroad	157
Boston & Maine R.	217

New York Stock and Money Market.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 1887.—Money on call has been active, ranging from 4 to 7 per cent.; last loan at 5, closing offered at 4. Prime paper—no change, 7@8 per cent. Sterling Exchange quiet and barely steady; actual business 4 80@4 80¼ for 60-day bills and 4 84½@4 84¾ for demand. Governments dull and firm. Railroad bonds quiet and heavy to weak. The stock market closed quiet and generally firm to strong at irregular changes from opening prices.

The transactions at the Stock Exchange aggregated 510,324 shares.

The following are to-day's quotations of Government securities:

United States bonds, 3s	
New 4s, reg	123½
New 4s, coup	124½
New 4½s, reg	108
New 4½s, coup	108
Central Pacific 1sts	114¾
Denver & R. G. 1sts	119¾
Erie 2ds	97½
Kansas Pacific Consols	101
Oregon Nav. 1sts	109½
Union Pacific 1st	113
do Land Grants	
do Sinking Funds	

The following quotations of stocks are received daily by Pullen, Crocker & Co., Exchange street. Portland, Me.:

	Sept. 20.		Sept. 16.	
	Opening	Closing bid.	Opening	Closing bid
St. Paul	81⅛	81⅛	82⅞	82⅝
Erie Second		97¼	99	99
Erie common	28	28⅝	29⅛	29¼
Erie preferred		62	67	65½
Northern Pacific	23⅝	24¼	25⅞	25⅝
North. Pacific pref	49	49⅞	51⅞	52⅛
N. Y. Central	106	106½	107	107½
Northwestern	110½	111⅝	112⅝	113
Omaha common	40½	40⅝	43⅝	43¾
Omaha preferred	106	107		107½
Phila & Reading	57¼	57¼	58⅝	59⅝
Delaware, L. & W.	127	126¾	128¼	129
Lake Shore	92⅞	92⅝	93	93⅞
Pacific Mail	34	33¾	35⅝	35½
Jersey Central	69	70⅝	70⅞	72
Kansas Texas	22¾	22½	24⅞	24¾
Union Pacific	51	51¼	53¾	52⅝
Oregon Transcon	20	19⅝	22⅝	22
Western Union	72	72⅛	75⅝	76¾
Canada Southern	52	52⅛	54½	55⅝
Delaware & H.	97	97	99	99¾
Louisville & N.	59	59¾	63⅝	61¼
N. Y. & N. E.	39	38¾	41¼	42⅝
Missouri Pacific	92	92	94c x 4	94⅛
Oregon Navi	86	85		85½
Hocking Valley	16¼	17	22½	21¼
Richmond Terminal	22⅛	21⅝	25⅝	25½

New York Mining Stocks.

[By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, Sept. 20 1887. The following are closing quotations for mining stocks to-day:

Brunswick	1 60
Colorado Coal	30 50
Quicksilver	5 00
do preferred	22 00
Standard	112½
Homestake	12 00
Con. Cal. & Va	16 50
Ontario	26 00
El Cristo	2 75
Security	1 00
Amador	1 45
Tornado	1 05
Bale & Norcross	3|40

Boston Produce Market.

BOSTON, Sept. 20. 1887.—The following are to-day's quotations of Provisions, &c.:

Pork—Long cut 18 00@18 50; short cuts 18 00@18 50; backs 18 00@19 00; light backs 17 50; lean ends 18 50@19 00; pork tongues at 16 00@16 50; prime mess at $17 00@17 50; extra prime at 15 50; mess, at 17 00@17 50.

Lard—choice at 7¼@7½c ⅌ lb in tierces; 7¾@8c in 10-lb pails; 8@8¼c in 5-lb pails; 8¼@8½c in 3-lb pails.

Hams at 12@12½c ⅌ lb, according to size and cure; smoked shoulders 8½@9c; pressed hams at 11½@12c.

Choice city dressed hogs 7½c ⅌ lb; country do 7c.

Butter—Western extra fresh made creamery 24@25c: do extra firsts at 22@23c; do firsts at 20@21c; do fancy imitation creamery 20c; do seconds 18c; do factory, choice fresh, 17@18; do fair to good at 15@16c; New York fresh made creamy extra 25c—; do extra firsts 23@24c, Vermont extra creamery 25@26—c; do extra firsts 23@24c; do dairy good to choice, at 20@22c; selections 23@24c; fair to good at 18@19c; low grades of buffer as to quality. The above quotations are receivers' prices for strictly wholesale lots. Jobbing prices 1@2c higher.

Eggs—Eastern fresh at 20@21c; do firsts 18½@19c; choice Canada 18@19c; good to choice Western at 17@18c; Michigan choice at 18½@19c; Nova Scotia at 18½@19c. Jobbing prices ½@1c higher.

Cheese—Northern full cream at 10@11c; lower grades 8@10½c; Northern sage 12c; job prices ½c higher.

Potatoes—Choice small N Y hand picked peaks at 2 50 ⅌ bush; choice New York large hand picked do 2 40@2 50; small Vermont hand picked pea at 2 40@2 55.

Hay—Choice prime hay at 18 00; fair to good at $15 00@17 00; Eastern fine $12@$15; poor to ordinary $12@$14; East swale at $10@$11. Rye straw, choice, 16 50@$17 50; oat straw $8@$8 50.

Potatoes—Houlton Rose 70c ⅌ bush; do Hebrons 75c.

Watertown Cattle Market.

(By Telegraph.)

WATERTOWN, Sept. 20, 1887.—Cattle market unchanged.

Market Beef—Extra 6 50@6 75; first quality 6@6 25; second quality 5 00@5 50; third quality at 4 00@4 50.

Receipts of cattle 1701.

Store Cattle—Working Oxen ⅌ pair $90@$160; Fancy Cows at $45@$50; fancy at $55@$60; Milch Cows and Calves 25@$45; Yearlings $8 50@$18; two years old $14@$28; three years $24@$40.

Swine—Receipts 19,666; Western fat, live, 5½@6; northern dressed 7c.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 8,985; in lots 2 25@4 00; extra 4 25@4 50.

Veal Calves 2½@6c.

Chicago Cattle Market

By Telegraph.)

CHICAGO, Sept. 20, 1887.—Cattle market—receipts 9,000; shipments 1,000; market steady; shipping steers at 3 00@4 90; stockers and feeders 1 75@3 00; cows, bulls and mixed 1 25@2 80.

Hogs—receipts 12,000; shipments 5,000; market opened 5c higher; closed weak; mixed at 4 80@5 25; heavy 4 85@5 35; light at 4 80@5 15; rough and skips 3 00@4 70.

Sheep—receipts 6,000; shipments 600; market weak; natives 2 50@4 75; Western 3 00@3 60; Texans 3 00@3 65. Lambs 4 00@5 25.

Domestic Markets.

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 20, 1887.—Flour market—receipts 25,424 packages; exports 5249 bbls and 31,885 sacks; without quotable change; Winter Wheats still rule in buyers favor; sales 16,300 bbls.

Flour quotations—No 2 at 2 00@2 75; superfine Western and State 2 50@3 10; common to good extra Western and State at 3 20@3 90; good to choice do at 3 50@4 90; common to choice White wheat Western extra at 4 40@4 60; fancy do at 4 65@4 85; common to good extra Ohio at 3 00@4 75, common to choice extra St Louis at 3 00@4 75; patent Minnesota extra good to prime at 4 40@4 60; choice to double extra do at 4 65@4 90, including 170 bbls city millstuff at 4 10@4 30; 1400 fine bbls do 2 00@2 75; 900 bbls superfine 2 00@3 10; 300 bbls extra No 2 at 2 90@3 40; 4600 bbls winter wheat extra 3 00@4 90; 5100 bbls Minnesota extra at 3 00@4 90. Southern flour quiet; common to fair extra 3 40@4 00; good to choice do at 4 10@4 90. Rye flour in moderate demand. Wheat—receipts 294,900 bush; exports 114,133 bush; sales 3,000,000 bush spot; fairly active and a trifle higher; No 2 Spring 76c; No 2 Red at 78⅞@79c elev, 80¼@81c afloat and rail delivered; No 1 Red 87c; No 1 White at 81c. Rye in light demand. Barley is dull. Corn—receipts 99,35, bush; exports 20,133 bush; sales 180,000 bush spot a shade higher; No 2 at 55⅝@56c delivered, 56¾c f o b; No 2 for Sept nominal at 50½c; Steamer No 2 at 50c; No 3 bush; exports 24,170 bush; sales 128,000 bush spot; ¼@½c higher and moderately active; No 3 at 32½c; No 3 White 33½@33¾c; No 2 at 32¾@33c; No 2 White 34¼@34⅝c; No 1 white at 37c; Mixed Western at 32@34c; White do 35@40c. Coffee nominal at 19¼@19½c. Sugar weak; refined heavy; C 5⅝@5¾c; Extra at C 5⅝@6¼c; White Extra C at 5½@6 91-16c; Yellow at 4⅝@5c; off A 5⅝@5¾c; Mod'r A 6¼c, standard A 5¾c; Confec A at 6 3-16c; cut loaf and crushed at 6 9-16c; 6¼c; powdered at 6⅜@6½c; granulated 6¼c; Cubes at 6⅜@6 7-16c. Petroleum firm—united 64¼c. Pork quiet—mess quoted at 15 25@16 50 for old, 16 25@16 50 for new. Beef steady. Lard 2@3 points higher; Western steam 6 75@6 77½; city steam at 6 70, refined quoted 7 00 for Continent; S A at 7 40@7 50. Butter is dull. Cheese strong.

Freights to Liverpool firm

CHICAGO, Sept. 20, 1887.—Flour market is unchanged. Wheat, Corn and Oats were dull at the opening but closed firm at a slight advance—No 2 Spring at 68¼c; No 3 at 64c; No 2 Red at 70¼@70½c. Corn—No 2 at 41½c. Oats at 25c asked. Rye 47c. Barley 76c. Provisions—Mess Pork 15 00@15 25; Lard at 6 37½@6 40; boxed meats, shoulders 6 25@5 35; short clear at 8 80@8 85. Whiskey at 1 10.

Receipts—Flour, 28,000 bbls; wheat, 50,000 bush; corn 366,000 bush; oats 255,000 bu; rye 2,000 bush; barley, 98,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 11,000 bbls; wheat, 18,000 bush; corn, 261,000 bush; oats, 95,000 bush; rye 2,000 bush, barley 24,000 bush.

ST LOUIS, Sept. 20, 1887.—The flour market is unchanged. Wheat closed higher—No 2 Red at 68@68¼c. Corn firm at 39@40c. Oats weak at 23¾c. Rye weak at 44c. Whiskey is steady at 1 05. Provisions generally firm. Pork irregular—new at 15 25. Lard 6 25@6 30; dry Salted Meats—shoulders at 5 5-16; long clear 8 50; clear ribs at 8 60; short clear at 8 85. Bacon—boxed shoulders 6¼@6⅝; long clear at 9 37½@9 40; short clear at 9 80@9 90. Hams steady 12@13.

Receipts—Flour, 2,000 bbls, wheat 36,000 bush, corn 42,000 bush, oats 68,000 bush, barley 10,000 bush.

Shipments—Flour 17,000 bbls, wheat 10,000 bush, corn 17,000 bush, oats 23,000 bush, barley 0,000 bush.

DETROIT, Sept. 20, 1887.—Wheat—No 1 White at 76½c, No 2 Red at 72½c.

Receipts—Wheat 32,600 bush.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20 1887.—Cotton is quiet, middling 9 1-16c.

MOBILE, Sept. 20, 1887.—Cotton is quiet, middling 9c.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 20, 1887. Cotton steady; middling 9c.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 20, 1887—Cotton steady, middling 9 1-16c.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 20, 1887.—Cotton easier; middling 9.

European Markets.

By Telegraph.]

LONDON, Sept. 20. 1887.—Consols at 101 5-15 for money and 101 7-16 for the account.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20, 1887.—Cotton market—quiet; uplands 5½d; Orleans 5½d; sales 8,000 bales; speculation and export 1000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 20, 1887—Quotations—Winter Wheat 5s 11d@6s; Spring wheat at 5s 11d@6s; Club wheat at 6s@6s 1d. Corn—mixed Western 4s 2¼d; peas 5s 2½d. Provisions, &c—Pork at 75s 0d; bacon at 44s 0d for long clear and 45s for short clear. Cheese at 56s 6d. Tallow at 22s 9d. Lard 33s 6d.

SAILING DAYS OF STEAMSHIPS.

	FROM	FOR
Sardinian	Quebec	Liverpool...Sept 22
Andes	New York	Hayti...Sept 22
Hammonia	New York	Hamburg...Sept 22
Rhyland	New York	Antwerp...Sept 22
Rugia	New York	Hamburg...Sept 24
Aurania	New York	Liverpool...Sept 24
Thingvalla	New York	Copenhagen Sept 24
La Champagne	New York	Havre...Sept 24
Cienfuegos	New York	Havana...Sept 24
Fulda	New York	Bremen...Sept 24
Edam	New York	Amsterdam Sept 24
City of Chester	New York	Liverpool...Sept 24
Trinidad	New York	Trinidad...Sept 26
Alaska	New York	Liverpool...Sept 27
Adriatic	New York	Liverpool...Sept 28
Athos	New York	Kingston, ...Sept 28
Saale	New York	Bremen...Sept 28
Philadelphia	New York	Laguayra...Sept 28

MINIATURE ALMANAC, SEPTEMBER 21.

Sun rises	5 26	High water	1 15
Sun sets	5 41		1 37
Length of day	12 15	Height	10 ft 1 in
Moon sets	8 36		10 ft 2 in

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND

TUESDAY, Sept. 20.

Arrived.

Steamer State of Maine, Hilliard, St John, NB, via Eastport for Boston.

Barque Ella Moore, (Br) Byers, Parrsboro, NS—coal to G T Ry Co. Vessel to Ryan & Kelsey.

Sch Edith May, Kelley, Rondout—cement to C S Chase.

Sch Eagle, Foster, New York—oil to K O Co.

Sch Mayflower, (Br) Harvey, Parrsboro, NS—coal to G T Ry Co.

Sch A Hooper, Calder, Boston.

Sch Sargasso, Alley, Jonesport.

Sch Arrival, Stewart, Camden—lime to L C Cummings & Co.

Sch J P Ober, Denning, Rockport.

Sch W C Pendleton, Webber, Damariscotta.

Sch Mary Elizabeth, Dunton, Boothbay.

Sch Paul & Essie, Cape Cod, with 230 bbls large mackerel.

Cleared.

Brig Raven, Stewart, Bear River, NS, to load for Cuba—Chase, Leavitt & Co.

Sch Falmouth, Clark, Baltimore—J S Winslow & Co.

Sch Herald, (Br) Merriam, Parrsboro, NS—Jordan & Ke sey.

Sch Addie J, Francis, Millbridge—N Blake.

Sch Clinton, Wilson, Millbridge—N Blake.

Sch Walter C Hall, Hanson, Machias—N Blake.

Sch Georgianna, Marshall, Bangor—Paris Flouring Co.

Sch Willie Seavey, Simmons, Friendship—N Blake.

Sch E H Harriman, Wood, Bucksport—

SAILED—Brigs Sullivan, and Oderilia; sch Falmouth.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

WISCASSET, Sept 17—Sld, sch Two Brothers, Dodge, Kennebec.

Sept 19—Ar, sch Wm E Leggett, Lewis, Boston.

Sept 20—Sld, sch Niger, Adams, Boston.

GREEN'S LANDING, Sept 10—Ar, sch David Brown, Barbour, Boston.

Sept 16—Ar, schs Valparaiso, Tyler, Boston; Fleetwing, Robbins, do; Pochassett, Rackett, Portland, to load for New York.

Sept 17—Ar, sch Eunice P Newcomb, Allen, for Boston.

Sept 18—Ar, schs Nevada, Judkins, Boston; Exact, Smith, Bangor.

Sld, sch Stella Lee, for New York.

FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.

Sld fm Hong Hong Aug 18, ship Pactolus, Burnham, San Francisco; 19th, Wachusett, Oakland, New York.

Ar at Acapulco 17th inst, ship W F Babcock, Murphy, Cardiff.

Passed Isle of Wight 18th inst, ship E W Stetson, Hammond, Rotterdam for New York.

Ar at Goree, W.CA., brig Lucy W Snow, Burgess, Boston via Cape de Verds.

Memoranda.

Shanghae, Aug 11—Ship Governor Robie, Blanchard, which arrived here to-day, has 33,000 cases oil out of the 60,000 cases shipped at New York, which is supposed to be much damaged.

Fishermen.

Ar at Boothbay 20th, sch Caroline Vaught, Reed, west shore, with 140 bbls.

Ar at Port Hawkesbury 17th, sch Senator Morgan, Graham, North Bay, with 400 bbls mackerel.

Domestic Ports.

PASCAGOULA—Cld 16th, barque Eliza J McManemy, Dodge, Philadelphia.

FERNANDINA—Ar 17th, sch Florence J Allen, Hunton, Charleston.

SATILLA RIVER—Ar 11th inst, sch Palatka, Chapples, Jacksonville.

CHARLESTON—Ar 18th, sch Linah C Kaminski, Woodbury, New York.

NORFOLK—Sld 16th, sch B L Burt, Portland.

Ar 17th, sch Bertha Rock Grover, Spear, Portland.

Cld 17th, barque Hannah McLoon, Bowers, for Matanzas.

NEWPORT NEWS—Ar 19th, schs Flora Rogers, Bradford, Boston; Mabel Hooper, Hooper, New York.

BALTIMORE—Ar 18th, sch Wm O Snow, Hardy, New Bedford.

Ar 19th, schs Emma F Angell, Tripp, Portland; Chloe Harold, Manson, Washington.

Cld 19th, schs Chas Haskell, Silsbee, Boston; Gardner G Dering, Rogers, do; Melissa A Willey, Young, Portland; Eleanor, Poole, Newburyport.

Cld 19th, barque Henry Warner, Paine, Galveston.

Sld 19th, schs Eleanor, Charles H Haskell, and Gertrude I. Trundy.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 19th, schs Levi Hart, Giles, Richmond; Nellie T Morse, Baker, Kennebec; W C Green, Hawes, and Hattie Baker, Parker, do; J R Halladay, do.

Cld 19th, brig H B Cleaves, Charlson, Portland; schs Nellie J Dinsmore, Parker, for Portsmouth; Mattie E Eaton, Gamage, do; Oliver Dyer, Emerson, Hallowell; T A Lambert, Hall, Boston; Loring C Ballard, Bearse, do; Jona Sawyer, Reynolds, Saco.

Sld fm Delaware Breakwater 18th, brig Chas A Sparks, Philadelphia for Boston; Leonora, do for Brunswick; schs Cyrus Hall, Port Spain for Boston; T A Lambert, Philadelphia for do.

NEW YORK—Ar 19th, schs Herald, Rockport; Silver Heels, Rockland; Anna S Murch, Ellsworth W S Dompkin, Bangor.

Also ar 19th, barque Addie Morrill, Andrews, Apalachicola 25 days.

Ar 20th, ship Tacoma, Sheldon, San Francisco.

Cld 19th, ship Saml Skolfield, Bishop, Calcutta; barque Shawmut Small, Demarara; sch Brigadier, Cousins, Portland.

NEW HAVEN—Ar 18th, schs Julia & Martha, Young, and M F Wilson, Cole, Calais.

PROVIDENCE—Ar 18th, schs Flora King, Reed, Calais; Lawrence Haines, Tibbetts, Wiscasset; Annie Lee, Cole, Rondout.

Ar 20th, schs Hiram, Hilbard, Calais; George Pierce, Sherman, Machias.

NEW BEDFORD—Sld 18th, sch Seth W Smith, Parker, Calais.

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Sld 18th, sch Moseley, Torrey, fm Mtragoane for Boston; Delhi, Greene, Wilmington for do; Magnet, Rondout for do; St Croix, Wesbawken for do; A L Perkins, Newport for Millbridge; Joe Carlton, Elizabethport for Rockport; Hattie, Norwalk for Bangor; Lucila A Snow, Amboy for Damariscot a; Express, Hoboken for Bootlbay; J C Gregory, Boston for Galveston.

Ar 19th, schs Beta, fm Machias for New York; C J Dinsmore, Lubec for do; Eliza Levansaler, Thomaston for do; July Fourth, Bangor for do; T W Allen, Winthing for do; Storm Petrel, Elsworth for Rondout; Sarah A Reed, fm Calais for Stonington; Hattie M Map, do for Scituate; C E Rogers, do for New Haven; Raven, Bangor for Newport; Alma, Machias for ——

EDGARTOWN—Sld 18th, sch Hume, Post, Riverton for Weymouth; Harry P Percy, Griffin, from New York for Rockland; George E Prescott, Trustworthy, Philadelphia for Saco.

HYANNIS—Sld 18th, schs Jas Hopkins, from New York for Boston; Melissa Trask, Eben E King, and Emma K Smalley, from New York for eastern ports; Hattie S Collins, do for do.

DARTMOUTH—Ar 17th, sch Dolphin, Grover, Calais.

BOSTON—Ar 19th, schs Delhi, Green, Wilmington; Chas E Sears, Allen, Amboy; Alaska, Clark, do; Osprey, Crowley, do; Sarah Eaton, Hopps, and Nellie Eaton, Knowlton, Weehawken; St Croix, Rosebrook, do; Fannie Butler, Robertson, Port Johnson; Vulcan, Lewis, Rariton; Emma McAdam, Young, Hoboken; Silver Spray, Lindsay and Francis Edwards, Hutchings, do; Acara, Doyle, and Jos Wide, Bellaty, do; Emma Green, Scott, and Forest City, Coulter, Rondout; Susan, Kennedy, New York; Harmonia, Pendleton, Portsmouth, Kt; M L Newton, Rowe, Calais; Billow, Fickett, Millbridge; Tivano, Tibbetts, Bristol; Uncle Joe, Clark, Thomaston.

Cld 19th, sch Vineyard, Cummings, Five Rivers, NS; S G Lond, Torrey, Fernandina.

Sld, barque Hattie G McFarland.

Ar 19th, barque Golden Sheaf, Lunt, Demarara.

Ar 20th, schs Charlie Buck, Patterson, Amboy; Billow, Emery, and Magnet, Fletcher, Rondout; Lugano, Clark, Hoboken; Fannie Whitmore, Whitmore, do; Moses Eddy, Hart, New York; Ma y J Elliott, Thurston, Boothbay; Smith Tuttle Fenlts, Damariscotta; D W Hammond, Smith, Rockport; Sophia Wiley, Ham, Bangor.

Sld 20th, sch Mary L Allen, Pierce, Eastwise.

LYNN—Ar 18th, schs Sylvi, from Calais; Victor Bunker, Sullivan; Caressa, Jordan, Ellsworth.

Ar 19th, schs Olive, Frye, Weehawken; W G R Mowry, So Amboy; Governor, Low, do.

SALEM—Ar 19th, brig Geo E Dale, Bartlett, Port Johnson; schs Princeton, Gray, and Ida L Bay, Marshall, do; Red

THE PRESS

WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPT. 21.

PORTLAND AND VICINITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS TO-DAY.

AMUSEMENTS.

Portland Theatre—Howard Athenæum Co.
Cumberland Co Agricultural Society.
Y. M. C. A. Course—City Hall.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Portland Flour Dealers and Grocers.
Notice—Committee on Labor Day.
An Unusual Sale—Turner Bros.
Wanted—Cook and Laundress.
Discount on Taxes in Deering.
Notice—Steamer Enterprise.
Found Adrift—Row Boat.
For Sale—Two Horses.
Wanted—Drug Clerk.
For Sale—Two Cows.
Steamer Greenwood.
N. John Little & Co.
Rines Brothers—2.
Tenement to Let.
House to Let.
Girl Wanted.
Room to Let.

AUCTION SALES.

Administratrix Sale.

Advice to Mothers.—MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferer at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub, awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle.
jan16 FM&W&w1y

F. W. Kinsman & Co.—Gentlemen: It gives me pleasure to tell my story of Adamson's Botanic Cough Balsam. It has cured my wife and child of severe colds to which we were subject during the winter months. I think it has no equal as a cough mixture and I recommend it to my friends as worthy of confidence. Yours truly, A. C. Gibson. Trial size 10 cents.
sep19 eod&w

NEVER TRAVEL WITHOUT THEM, Persons should never travel without a box of BRANDRETH'S PILLS. A few doses taken before going on ship will prevent seasickness, and one Pill every night on ship-board will counteract the costive action of the sea air. When sick, troubled with pains, colds, or dizziness, or having rheumatism take from three to five Pills and if they do not operate in an hour or so take three or four more.

The Engadine

Bouquet, Atkinson's new perfume. This superb distillation sweetly recalls fragrant Swiss flowers. Bright jewels, in a setting of perpetual snow.
mch30 W&St

If you suffer from looseness of the bowels, **Angostura Bitters** will surely cure you. Beware of counterfeits and ask your grocer or druggist for the genuine article, prepared by Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons. sept19eod&w1w

Carter's Little Liver Pills are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only; very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging.
sep20 d&w1w

At 10 a. m. today, F. O. Bailey & Co. will sell at store No. 94 Washington street the stock and fixtures, consisting of drugs, medicines, &c. See auction column.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE WEBB.

MONDAY.—Reuben Weeks et als. vs. Benjamin F. Jewett, in admiralty. Decree for libellant, $230.67 and costs.

TUESDAY.—United States, by indictment, vs. Thomas W. Furse. Smuggling shingles. Plea, *nolo contendere*. Sentence suspended. District Attorney. Don A. H. Powers.

United States, by indictment, vs. Samuel Boulanger. Smuggling horse. Plea, guilty. Sentenced to 20 days in jail. District Attorney.

MUNICIPAL COURT.

BEFORE JUDGE GOULD.

TUESDAY.—Chas. McKinnon, Lottie Doherty. Intoxication; fined $3 and costs each.

William Cook. Intoxication; 20 days in the county jail.

Thomas H. Lake. Assault; fined $5 and costs.

A TERRIBLE FALL.

Joseph Beers Falls Twenty-five Feet and is Killed.

Yesterday morning Joseph Beers, living at No. 180 Washington street, and a man named McGrath went into Darrah's boarding house at the corner of India and Fore streets and engaged a room and went at once to the apartment. The keeper of the house says that at about 11 o'clock McGrath went out and nothing was heard of the other. At a few minutes after 12 the people about there were startled by seeing the body of a man fall to the sidewalk with a dull thud. It proved to be Joseph Beers, who had fallen from the window of the room and struck on the back of his head, sustaining a bad fracture. The window was some 25 feet from the ground. Rich's ambulance was called and the man taken to his residence on Washington street. Dr. Merrill was summoned, but was unable to help the unfortunate man, who breathed his last at 12.45.

The deceased was a ship carpenter by trade, about 50 years old, and leaves a widow and four children.

Coroner Gould considered an inquest unnecessary, as after investigation, he felt satisfied that the man was not intoxicated, but was sick from the exertions arising from taking care of a sick friend.

BRIEF JOTTINGS.

It was a fine day yesterday, quite warm in the afternoon.

The much needed gates across the foot of Green street at the Rochester crossing, have been put in position.

At the regular monthly meeting of the Wheel Club held Monday evening four applicants were elected to membership. The club have secured new quarters in Beaver Block, and will take possession October 1.

One hundred and seventy-five thousand cans of sweet corn were packed this year at Dunstan Corner by Burham & Morrill. A smaller number of acres were planted than usual, but the yield to the acre was larger than ever before.

Mrs. Bicknell, an evangelist from Massachusetts, with Mrs. S. F. Pearson, will conduct revival services at the Gospel Mission, this evening. Christian workers and others are earnestly invited to take part in the services.

PERSONAL.

Mr. D. H. Young and his daughter Miss Emma, left the city yesterday to settle in their new home in the West, Lincoln, Neb.

Mr. S. B. Fowler, son of Postmaster Fowler, of Augusta, has gone to Cornell University to take a special course. Mr. Fowler, graduated at Bowdoin College in the class of '87.

The Provincial Grand Lodge of the Royal Order of Scotland opened its annual meeting in Free Masons' Hall, Providence, Monday evening, Sir Josiah H. Drummond, Deputy Provincial Grand Master, presiding, in the absence of Sir Albert Pike, Provincial Grand Master.

Visit of the Secretary of War.

Hon. William C. Endicott of Salem, Mass., Secretary of War, who has been passing his vacation at Peterboro, N. H., arrived in this city yesterday by the 5 p. m. train, and is the guest of Hon. W. L. Putnam and Mrs. Putnam at their home on State street. The Secretary's visit is purely social. There is nothing of an official character about it. He is simply taking his vacation. Last evening he received the officers of the army and navy in the vicinity who called upon him. Today he will enjoy a drive about the city, and in the evening will be entertained with a few other gentlemen at dinner at the Falmouth Hotel.

Judge Endicott has been a Judge of the Supreme Court of Massachusetts and Democratic candidate for Governor of that State

The Kermis.

The Ladies' Aid of the Church of the Messiah will give a Kermis at City Hall, October 11th, 12th and 13th. The scenes to be represented will be Dutch, as the word Kermis indicates. The opening exercises will be held Tuesday evening October 11th. Mayor Chapman will preside and Governor Bodwell has promised to be present. On the evening of the second day there will be a grand march in costume, tableaux and music, with dances conducted by Professor Gilbert. On the evening of the third day there will be a promenade concert.

Mountain Excursions.

Attention is called to the excursion over the P. & O. R. R., advertised in another column. Tickets good for ten days from date of issue will be for sale the remainder of the month.

THE BAXTER MEMORIAL.

Description of the Ceremonies of Laying the Corner Stone.

Addresses Delivered by Judge Symonds and Gen. Brown.

The ceremonies attendant upon laying the corner-stone of the new Baxter Memorial Building, on Congress street, took place yesterday afternoon. The day was perfect. A lovelier could not have been selected for the occasion. The turf was still a bright green, the foliage had only just begun to show the touches of autumn, and the skies were a cloudless expanse of blue.

At 3.30 p. m., the Masonic bodies left the armory on Exchange street, for the building, in the following order:

Chandler's Band.
Portland Commandery—Em. Com. Sir Knight J. E. Sawyer—7 officers and 38 Sir Knights.
St. Alban Commandery—Em. Com. Sir Knight B. B. Farnsworth—6 officers and 35 Sir Knights.
The Grand Lodge of Maine.

The Grand Lodge was represented by Grand Master F. E. Sleeper, Sabattis; Deputy Grand Master, Albro E. Chase, Portland; Acting Senior Grand Warden, F. I. Day, Lewiston; Acting Junior Grand Warden, C. D. Smith, Portland; Acting Grand Treasurer, W. O. Carney, Portland; Grand Secretary, Ira Berry, Portland; Grand Chaplain, Rev. Marion Crosley, Portland; Grand Marshal, A. M. Roak, Auburn; Acting Grand Senior Deacon, C. W. Harding, Durham; Acting Grand Junior Deacon, W. F Wood, Lewiston; Acting Grand Stewards' Simeon Stone, Lisbon, and W. R. Tarbox, Fryeburg; Grand Tyler, W. C. G. Carney, Portland.

The procession presented a fine appearance, with its beautiful regalia, its waving white plumes, and its gaily painted banners. The streets were filled with people, who gazed on the pageant with much interest, while many followed the line of march. The building was reached shortly after 4 p. m., the hour appointed. A rude staging had been erected close by the corner-stone, which was intended for the use of the gentlemen, members of the Maine Historical Society and Portland Public Library, the two institutions to whom the building is to be devoted, but there had been no attempt to police the place, and not only the staging, but every place of vantage was occupied by citizens without distinction, including many boys and girls. On the opposite side of the street, the double row of steps to Plymouth church, and the windows, doorsteps and sidewalks of private residences, were black with heads. Carriages of every kind got in the way, but, as is usual in Portland, all was taken good naturedly. Upon arrival the two commanderies halted, facing each other, on either side of the street, and the officers of the Grand Lodge passed between them to their places on the platform, the commanderies saluting, and the band playing.

On the staging, besides the trustees and officers of the Public Library, several of the ex-Mayors of Portland, and many of the leading lawyers and business men, were noticed Hon. William Goold, Rev. Dr. Asa Dalton, Rev. Dr. H. S. Burrage, Henry Deering, Lewis Pierce, H. W. Richardson, Edward H. Elwell, James P. Baxter—the munificent donor of the memorial—Hon. Charles F. Libby, P. C. Manning, Judge Goddard, Stephen Berry and H. W. Bryant, all members of the Historical Society.

When all was ready Grand Master Sleeper gave the signal and Chandler's Band played with great feeling and effect the prayer from "Medea." Judge Symonds then, in behalf of the Public Library, of which he is president, advanced and spoke as follows:

JUDGE SYMONDS' ADDRESS.

Most Worshipful Grand Master:

The Portland Institute and Public Library, which by the munificence of the founder is to share in the permanent occupancy of the building here to be erected, joins in the request that its corner-stone should be laid and its dedication to the uses of a public trust should be commemorated, by the ancient forms of Masonic ceremony; and I now have the honor in its name and behalf to make this request of you.

The true college, like the true church, it has been said, is essentially an ideal and invisible thing. It does not lie open to the sight in the familiar walls and towers, built by human hands, but can only be discerned and apprehended by the mental vision, in the spirit of its history, in the law of its life, in the essential idea which informs and inspires it. It is the true church militant of knowledge, and its champions are the men, who along the line of its history have gathered and reflected upon the world all the light of their times. Its armories are piled and marshalled in human memories; the flashing of new truths to meet the shifting forms of error is the only sign of its advance, while all its triumphs are of the intellect, of the heart, of the energies of the will.

The spirit of all this is equally true of the library; for what, after all, are libraries, galleries and treasures of art and antiquity, but the implements and accessaries of thoughtful study?

Our fathers, in their poverty, planted the school and the college, and founded, with equal care and with almost equal reverence, the library and the church; and it remains part of the priceless honor which, in our minds, forever surrounds their memories, that in the early days of suffering and danger, on the margin, the narrow margin, guarded by their lives, and guarded only by their lives, between the wilderness and the sea, they sowed that precious seed. From it, like golden grain, has sprung the glory of New England life, the love of learning, the restless search for truth in all the realms of thought and life, which have been the distinguishing trait of our society for generations, now; which have opened to the intrepid footsteps of youth, at once, all the paths of usefulness and all the fields of honor; which, to manhood, have given strength and exaltation above the engrossing cares of daily life; which have refined, and hallowed, and given serenity and dignity to old age, and have poured, and are still pouring, a strange, new light upon all the problems of life.

From the height on which we stand today, in the midst of the brightening auspices which surround us, it is pleasant to remember even the hardships of the past. Our minds recur to the summer of 1866, when our public libraries disappeared in a single night and their loss was not even felt in the general grief and the sharp distress of that cruel conflagration, when the relief of immediate suffering demanded every energy, and our city grieved more over the destruction of its stately elms and the loss of historic associations than over buildings or libraries which could be restored; to the meetings of citizens which framed the charter for the new library, its organization, its small beginning and slow progress, the little rills of assistance from many sources which year by year have swelled the stream, the larger gifts of other friends, the steady hand of encouragement and aid which our City Council has always extended, the constant effort to enlarge the resources of the library and to make it free as possible to the public with the means at its command, for few persons whose attention has not been particularly directed to the subject can appreciate the difficulty of making a library public, the impossibility of making it wholly free, without a fund to sustain it—the accession of the Willis collection, of great value in itself and which associates with the public library the Willis name, identified with the history and fame of our city, the increasing prosperity of later years, the accumulation of a library of more than thirty thousand volumes now, which we hope before long will contain one hundred thousand of the best books of all time. In any review of the past, however brief, the public library remembers with gratitude the names of its benefactors. There are names among them memorable for many public services. While this is not the occasion to repeat them, no retrospect could be so hurried as not to note the name of Nathaniel C. Sawyer, who gave the largest part of his estate—several thousands of dollars—to the library with the single injunction that the fund should be preserved and its income devoted to the purchase of works of permanent value.

And now, long before it could have anticipated such good fortune, by the generosity of one of its trustees, in the beautiful structure which is here to rise, devoted to literature and art, the Public Library is to have a home of its own, a home to which we are all invited. Whenever the opportunity offers and the mood invites us, we may come here, aside from the dust of daily life, and learn what the best men that have lived have thought, what the wisest men have known, what the most inspired men have said or sung.

I have no words to speak the thanks of the Public Library to its munificent benefactor for a gift like this, nor is this the formal occasion for that. The man whose heart conceives, and whose hand executes, a plan like this has his reward—but it is not in what is said about it by anybody. His reward is in the work itself, in its enduring value and its perennial beneficence, in the consciousness that he has planted this beautiful tree by the wayside of life, in the grateful shadow of which a remote posterity shall linger; that among the warring forces, which exalt society, or which drag it down to a later barbarism more dreadful than that from which it emerged, in the institution which he has founded or endowed his influence remains, working silently and forever, and always for the welfare of society and the world.

Most Worshipful Grand Master, I have stated as I understand them the circumstances under which this building is erected, the purposes for which it is designed. Its erection marks a date that will not be forgotten in the history of Portland. It remains for me only to request that its corner-stone be laid with Masonic rites.

At the conclusion of the Judge's remarks General John Marshall Brown, for the Maine Historical Society, spoke as follows:

GENERAL BROWN'S ADDRESS.

Most Worshipful Grand Master:

It has been hoped that one of the citizens representing the Maine Historical Society, and a gentleman of the committee having charge of this building, would have been here today to present in behalf of the Maine Historical Society, this part in this noble work. It is to be regretted that his sickness prevents him being here today. At a late hour I have been asked to represent him and the Society.

The Maine Historical Society is not, Most Worshipful Grand Master, a local institution. It is an institution covering the whole State, but its home is now within the limits of this beautiful town. Founded in 1822, shortly after the separation of this State from Massachusetts, it is the natural sucessor of that famous society which has done so much to promote the historical researches which have made New England a famous place. For ten years Portland was its home; for half a century the historic college town of Brunswick. In 1881, through the munificence of the city and the liberality of the members of the Maine Historical Society—those members residing here—the library and its collection was moved to Portland, and from that time under the kindness and liberality of the city, has been provided with a home. It remains for its munificent vice president to provide here, within this building which is to be erected, a home worthy of it, and a room which shall be open to all; not merely to the residents of Portland, but to the people of the State.

The Maine Historical Society in this building will provide a place for everybody to come and inspect and examine its records. I think it will be acknowledged that the Maine Historical Society has done for the State of Maine a noble work. Nine volumes of collections, covering the history of many operations of the State and three volumes of the documentary Series, published with the assistance of the State, all of which have attract-ed great attention throughout the English speaking world, and the last, and perhaps most interesting of all under the editorial supervision of him, through whose munificence we are indebted for a home. In the name of the Society, Most Worshipful Grand Master, I ask that this corner stone may be laid in accordance with your ancient rites.

THE MASONIC CEREMONIES.

Grand Master Sleeper then spoke as follows:

From time immemorial it has been the custom of the Ancient and Honorable Fraternity of Free and Accepted Masons, to lay when requested so to do, with their ancient forms, the corner-stone of buildings erected for the worship of God, for charitable objects, or for the purposes of the administration of justice and free government, and of no other buildings.

This corner-stone therefore, we may lay in accordance with our law, and gladly do so, testifying thereby our obedience to the law, and our desire to show publicly our respect for the government under which we live.

The Grand Master then called up the Lodge and said it was the first duty to invoke the blessing of the Great Architect upon the work.

Prayer was then offered by the Grand Chaplain, followed by the response, "So mote it be."

The Grand Master then ordered the Grand Secretary to read the memorials to be placed in the corner-stone by the Grand Treasurer.

The following list was then read:

Package of Miss Emily P. Baxter.
Christian Mirror, Aug. 6, 1887.
Zion's Advocate, Sept. 7, 1887.
Sunday Telegram, Sept. 11, 1887.
Sunday Times, Sept. 11, 1887.
Portland Daily Press, Sept. 3 and July 11, 1887.
Portland Advertiser, June 3, 1887.
Portland Argus, Sept. 3, 1887.
Portland Express, Sept. 12, 1887.
Sixteenth report of the Maine General Hospital.
Portland Savings Bank papers.
Coins, book-plate, etc.
Portland Transcript, weekly and monthly, Sept. 7, 1887.
Congregationalist, Aug. 11, 1887.
Missionary Herald, August, 1887.
Prospectus Portland Latin School.
Statement McCall Mission.
Moody and other tracts; gospel hymns.
By-laws Diamond Island Association.
Bells of Portland, by Geo. E. B. Jackson.
Plan of Diamond Island Association property, with list of members.
Account of Diamond Island, by E. H. Elwell.
Masonic Token, July 15 and May 14, 1887.
List of members of the Fraternity Club.
Papers of the Gorges Society.
Unveiling the bust of Longfellow.
The Gulielmensical of Williams College.

The contents of the second box were as follows:

Auditor's Annual Report, City of Portland.
Officers and Committee of the City Government, 1887.
Guide book of Portland.
History of the Board of Trade.
In Memoriam, Alpheus S. Packard.
Fifteenth Annual Report of the P. & O. R. R.
Act of Incorporation, Maine Historical Society.
Postal cards.
Business cards of Geo. S. Hunt & Co., Charles McLaughlin & Co., Samuel Waterhouse, C. B. Varney & Co., Portland Packing Company and others.
Sketches, etc., Stephen Berry.
Papers of the Maine Historical Society.
Seventy-fifth Anniversary, H. W. Longfellow.
Report of Union Mutual Life Insurance Comp'y

The Grand Treasurer then deposited the box, the Grand Lodge standing.

The Grand Master then spread the cement on the foundation, and the stone was lowered into place, the band playing "The Vital Spark."

The Grand Master then in accordance with the ritual, called in turn on the Deputy Grand Master to apply the square to the stone, the Senior Grand Warden the level, the Junior Grand Warden the plumb, all of whom did so and stated the craftsmen had done their duty and the stone was square, level and plumb.

The Senior and Junior Grand Deacons then came forward bearing the trowel and gavel, and the Grand Master, preceded by the Grand Marshal, spread mortar on the stone, struck three blows with the mallet and declared the stone plumb, level, square, true and trusty and duly laid.

The Grand Stewards next proceeded to the stone followed by the Deputy Grand Master, Senior Grand and Junior Wardens bearing the can, wine and oil, and the three latter in turn poured the can of nourishment, the wine of refreshment and the oil of joy. The Grand Master blessed the building and the response came "So mote it be."

Then the architect of the building, Mr. F. H. Fassett, was given a square, level and plumb by the Grand Master, who blessed his continuation of the work until the building shall be completed.

The Grand Marshal in the name of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons of the State of Maine made proclamations that the corner stone was laid properly and according to the old customs by the Grand Master of Masons.

America was then played by the band, the Grand Chaplain pronounced the benediction, the procession reformed and marched to the armory where the Grand Lodge was closed.

Y. M. C. A. Course.

The lecture committee of the Portland Young Men's Christian Association have arranged for a course of six brilliant entertainments to be given at City Hall beginning Wednesday evening, Oct. 5th, with a lecture by the witty and eloquent orator, Gen. George A. Sheridan of Louisiana, on "The Modern Pagan." This is understood to be Col. Bob Ingersoll. Gen. Sheridan proposes to attack Col. Bob's manner of handling and discussing religious subjects and promises to point out the inconsistencies on the part of the iconoclast. Gen. Lew Wallace, author of "Ben Hur," Gen. Phil. Sheridan and Hon. John Sherman, U. S. Senator from Ohio, speak in glowing terms of the wit, pathos and eloquence of the lecturer.

The Hungarian Gypsy Quartette, the leading soloists of the Hungarian Band from Buda-Pesth, assisted by Prof. L. L. Ryerson, the well known humorist, and a lady vocalist, will appear Thursday evening, Oct. 20th.

Stuart Rogers, of Providence, R. I., the renowned reciter and impersonator, is booked for Thursday evening, Nov. 3. Mr. Rogers will on this occasion impersonate the Rt. Hon. Wm. E. Gladstone and other noted personages.

Mr. C. E. Bolton, of Cleveland, Ohio, who appeared in last year's course, will give his beautifully illustrated lecture, "Vienna to Constantinople," on Monday evening, Nov. 28. Mr. Bolton has been frequently termed the "Stoddard of the West."

Rev. Dr. Vincent, of Chautauqua renown, has been secured, after much correspondence, for Thursday evening, Dec. 22, the only available date. His subject will be "That Boy's Sister." The genial Dr. has a host of admirers in Portland among the Chautauquan circles, all of whom will want to hear him.

Hannibal A. Williams of New York city, one of the greatest Shakespearian readers in the country, has been engaged to give the closing entertainment of the course, a recerital of Shakespeare's historical tragedy, "Julius Cæsar," on Thursday evening, Jan. 19. Mr. Williams has been recalled twenty to thirty times in some cities so great has been the desire to hear him.

The course, taken as a whole, is more attractive than that of last season and doubtless will have a large patronage.

The sale of course tickets will begin at Stockbridge's on Friday morning, Sept. 23, at 9 o'clock.

Boston Steamers.

The Sunday evening trips by this line are discontinued till next season.

CONDUCTORS' LIFE INSURANCE.

Twentieth Annual Convention of Railroad Conductors.

The delegates to the 20th annual convention of the Railroad Conductors' Life Insurance Association of the United States and Canada will assemble at City Hall today at 10 a. m. The headquarters are at the Falmouth Hotel, at which place a good many arrivals are registered.

This association was organized at Cincinnati, in October, 1868. On account of its age—being the oldest of the kind in the country—it is known among the "boys" as the "Old Reliable." Upon the death of a certificate holder the remaining certificate holders are assessed five dollars for the benefit of the person or persons named in the certificate held by the deceased. Since 1868 the association, in this manner, has collected and paid to the widows, children or other heirs, and to disabled members the large sum $1,114,499. This sum was paid to 538 persons whose average benefits amounted to $2,071.56.

The headquarters are and always have been at Columbus, Ohio, where the routine work is in charge of a grand secretary and treasurer, an executive committee, consisting of three conductors, who must reside in that city. Mr. H. P. Feltrow, formerly of the Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad, is the grand secretary and treasurer. The executive committee consists of J. S. Beecher, Columbus and Cincinnati Midland; Edwin Morrell, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and St. Louis railway; and A. S. Knapp, Indiana, Bloomington and Western. Mr. George F. Hanford, a member from the date of the organization of the association, is the President. The Vice Presidents are: Thomas A Roche, Canadian Pacific railroad; B. F. Bond, Baltimore and Ohio railroad, and W. W. Sweeny, Louisville and Nashville railway.

The sessions usually continue two days. All railway conductors (whether they are members of the association or not) and all railway officials who may desire to meet with the boys upon this occasion are cordially invited.

At this meeting the annual report will be submitted, officers elected, and such other business transacted as may be deemed essential to the welfare of the society.

MUSIC AND DRAMA.

BUNCH OF KEYS.

There was a good advance sale of seats at Portland Theatre yesterday for the Sparks Company who will appear in a "Bunch of Keys" at Portland Theatre, Thursday and Friday evenings. An exchange says: "The Sparks Company presented 'A Bunch of Keys' last night, and judging from the large and pleased audience present, there is no abatement in the popularity of this queer melange of fun and nonsense. The play went off with great spirit, and chief among those who contributed to the entertainment of the evening were Marietta Nash as Teddy Keys; Ada Boshell as the domestic Dolly Dobbs, and Geo. Lauri as Littleton Snaggs, Esq. Jas. B. Mackie had the funny character of Jonas Grimes, and he played his part well."

MLLE. RHEA.

Another fashionable audience greeted Mlle. Rhea at Portland Theatre last evening, when the lady appeared in her new play of "Fairy Fingers." The name of the play is derived from the fact that the dresses made by the establishment of Hortense are so beautiful as to appear to be the work of fairy fingers. As all society comedy dramas should be, "Fairy Fingers" is bright and sparkling, and well calculated to entertain, if not to intensly interest or pleasingly instruct. Rhea's impersonation was another triumph to her already successful engagement. As the happy milliner, she acted with a brilliancy and vivaciousness that is really her own. The several characters were well sustained, and the action throughout, thus making the success above noted.

NOTES.

Miss Clara Morris will appear at the Park Theatre for one week in October, filling a part of the time left vacant by Miss Dauvray cancelling her engagement.

It is stated by a London paper that Geo. R. Sims is going to write a drama for Mrs. James Brown Potter on the subject of his pathetic poem, or poem, "Outlet Joe," in which case Mrs. Potter will of course, play the part of the misguided wife.

Three princesses have taken to the stage—Princess Pignatelli, Princess Dolgourouky and Princess Rotleff—the latter making her debut this week in the Berlin Winter Garden, with song dances as her specialty. A Princess in variety acts! Is this "elevating the stage?"

The Maine Troops.

The Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette compliments the appearance of the Maine militia, "dressed in the regulation blue," at the Philadelphia celebration.

The Philadelphia Press says: "The Delaware, Virginia and Maine troops, less known than the rest, were an unexpected revelation of the Guard in these States."

SUBURBAN NEWS.

KNIGHTVILLE.

Levi Seavy went home intoxicated Monday night and tried to get into his house. His wife was at a neighbor's near by. She heard him and raising the window, asked what was wanted. He then drew a revolver and fired at her, but did not hit her. He has cleared out.

SACCARAPPA.

The citizens of Saccarappa will hold a fair with entertainments and supper, at Odd Fellows Hall this week, commencing this evening and continuing through Friday evening, for the benefit of the Westbrook Social Library.

"Base is the slave that pays"—for any soap than the Index.

MARRIAGES.

In Bath, Sept. 17, M. J. Durgan, Jr., of West Groton, Mass., and Miss Mamie F. Hart of Bath.

In Norway, Sept. 8, Gershom S. Giles of Boston and Miss Emma A. Andrews of Norway.

In Paris, Sept. 14, George W. Crockett and Miss Lennie I. Smith.

In Lovell, Sept. 14, Sumner Kimball and Miss Carrie E. Walker.

DEATHS

In this city, Sept. 20, Joseph Beers, aged 46 yrs [Funeral on Thursday morning at 2 o'clock.]

In Woolwich, Sept. 16, Mrs. Abigail S. Carlton, aged 62 years 5 months

In Bath, Sept. 18, Hiram Welch, aged 53 years.

In Saco, Sept. 17, Freeman Pugsley, aged 48 years 2 months.

In Saco, Sept. 16, Frances, wife of Philander Hall.

In Paris, Sept 15, Mrs. Lucy A. Hawes, aged 58 years 6 months.

In Sussexvale, N. B., Sept. 19, Mrs. Mary Goodd, aged 86 years.

Dyspepsia

Makes many lives miserable, and often leads to self destruction. Distress after eating, sick headache, heartburn, sour stomach, mental depression, etc., are caused by this very common and increasing disease. Hood's Sarsaparilla tones the stomach, creates an appetite, promotes healthy digestion, relieves sick headache, clears the mind, and cures the most obstinate cases of dyspepsia. Read the following:

"I have been troubled with dyspepsia. I had but little appetite, and what I did eat distressed me, or did me little good. In an hour after eating I would experience a faintness or tired, all-gone feeling, as though I had not eaten anything. Hood's Sarsaparilla did me an immense amount of good. It gave me appetite, and my food relished and satisfied the craving I had previously experienced. It relieved me of that faint, tired, all-gone feeling. I have felt so much better since I took Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I am happy to recommend it." G. A. PAGE, Watertown, Mass.

N. B.—Be sure to get only

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

jan1 d&w1ynrm

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. 40 in a vial, Purely Vegetable. Price 25 cents. 5 vials by mail for $1.00.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., Prop'rs, New York.

Sold by all Druggists.

MUSIC READING AT SIGHT

NEW METHOD,

MUSIKOGRAPH.

Mr. W. L. Fitch is now ready to receive pupils for private instruction, either singly or in classes of two, four or six; also, parties wishing to make arrangements for singing schools can do so by addressing 113 Brackett street, Portland, Me.
sep13 eod2w

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GRAND AUTUMN SALE!

THURSDAY, SEPT. 22, '87.

100 pieces all Wool Dress Goods at 50c per yard.
25 pieces Illuminated Flannels, 36 inches wide, at 37 1-2c.
200 Combination Dresses, at $10, $12 and $15.
English Cheviots and German Broadcloths $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 per yard. 54 inches wide.
Black Henrietta Cloths.
Black Rhadames $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75.
Black Faille Francaise $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.
Colored Faille Francaise $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00.
Colored Surah at $1.00 per yard.
Colored Rhadames at $1.00 and $1.25 per yard.
Watered Silks, in Colors and Black.
Ladies' and Children's Fall and Winter Garments.
Ladies' Plush Sacks at $20, $25, $35 and $40; made especially for us.
Ladies' Cotton Underwear now open.
Ladies' Merino Underwear now on sale.
Hosiery, Gloves and Small Wares stock replete.

N. John Little and Company,

sept21 3t

AN UNUSUAL SALE!

ONE OF THE

MOST FAMOUS SILK MANUFACTURERS

Has given us the opportunity to dispose of an Entire Lot of

SHORT LENGTHS

--- IN ---

24 INCH FIGURED SILKS.

They are very beautiful goods and will be sold for about One-third their Regular Value. There will be several hundred pieces to select from. Sale to commence Thursday Morning, Sept. 22, and continue until all are sold.

TURNER BROS.'

sep21 dtf

58 CENTS.

COLORED SILK VELVETS

58 CENTS.

RINES BROS.

STEAMER GREENWOOD.

Leave Portland. A. M.	Leave Cushing's. A. M.	Leave Trefethen's. A. M.	Leave Peak's. A. M.
5.40		6.05	6.15
6.30	6.45	7.05	6.55
9.00		9.20	9.35
10.30	10.45	11.10	10.55
P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
2.15	2.30	3.00	2.45
4.55	5 45	5.15	5.30
6.10		6.10	6.30

sep21 d2t

Discount on Taxes in Deering.

THE discount of 5 per cent. expires October 1. I shall be at Walte & Adams' store, East Deering, TUESDAY, Sept. 27th; Walter Fickett's store, Stroudwater, THURSDAY, Sept. 29th; at my store, Woodfords, FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Sept. 30 and Oct. 1. H. B. WEBB, Collector of Deering.
sep21 to oct1*

NOTICE.

The Steamer Enterprise will not make her trip to Damariscotta on SATURDAY, Sept. 24th, on account of work to be done to boat.

A. MONTGOMERY, President.
sep21 dtd

Advertiser copy.

Portland Grocers and Flour Dealers Association.

THE annual meeting of this Association, for the election of officers and the transaction of any other business that may regularly come before it, will be held at the Board of Trade rooms MONDAY, Sep. 26th, at 3 o'clock p. m.

Per order W. P. CHASE, Sec'y.
sep21 dtd*

A CARD.

Through an error our advertisement stated that the Underwear we are to sell to-day was damaged by water from the heating pipes, when it was chiefly due to an accident to one of the cold water pipes. The Underwear will be sold to Ladies' Gents and Children at good bargains, whether wet by hot or cold water.

RINES BROTHERS.

sep20 d2t

COLUMBIA BICYCLES.

Buy One if You Want the Best!

They lead in workmanship, ease for climbing hills, speed, strength of material and for durability in every way. Every Columbia Bicycle and Tricycle is fully WARRANTED. For speed the Columbia record has never been beaten.

Send for circular.

Agent for the Celebrated Columbia Bicycles.

C. LAMSON, - - 177 Middle St
jp dtf

Notice.

THERE will be a meeting of the General Committee on Labor Day, WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 21st, at 7.30 at Dirigo Hall, over Casco Bank. Prompt attendance is desired. All should be present. Per order,
sep21 d1t CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEE.

TO LET—Brick house, No. 168 Danforth St. modern improvements, furnace in cellar, 8 rooms; price $20.00. Also brick house in block No. 88 Federal St., modern improvements, furnace in cellar, 7 rooms; price $20.00. Apply to ALBERT D. BOYD, 363 Fore St. 21-1

TO LET—About Sept. 24, a pleasant up stairs rent of seven rooms, (sun all day) to a small family without children, in front house 139 Brackett St., first house from Spring. IRA F. CLARK, 492 Congress St., or at 139 BRACKETT ST., between 1 and 2 p. m. after Sep. 23. 21-1

FOUND ADRIFT—A small row boat in back bay. Owners can have the same by proving property and paying charges. Apply to CHAS. LITTLEJOHN, aboard Dredge at Back Bay. 21-1

WANTED—A competent Drug Clerk; also one with some experience. Apply at once to E. F. SHAW, Junction Pleasant and Fore Sts. 21-1

FOR SALE—Two horses, 5 and 6 years old, weight of each 1150, both sound and kind; warranted. Apply to E. F. SHAW, Junction of Fore and Pleasant Sts. 21-1

FOR SALE—Two cows for sale cheap. Apply PARKMAN, rear Post Office, New Casco, Me. 21-1

TO LET—Sunny alcove room furnished or unfurnished, No. 11 BROWN STREET. 21-1

WANTED—A good cook and laundress. Apply with references to MRS. G. F. TAL-BOT, 57 Park St. 21-1

WANTED—A capable girl to work in small family. Apply at 180 NEWBURY STREET. 21-1

Pearn

Fine Portrait Photography.

NO. 514 CONGRESS STREET.

PORTLAND, ME.

Personal attention given to all sittings.
je2 eodtf

Portland School of Stenography.

Pupils thoroughly instructed in shorthand and type-writing. Day and evening sessions. Send for circular.

Agent for the Celebrated Caligraph.

Miss A. L. Sawyer, 537 Congress St., Portland, Me.
jy9 eodtf

FURNITURE.

THE ATKINSON HOUSE FURNISHING Company,

Cor. Pearl & Middle Streets, Portland,

WANTS

EVERYBODY!

WHO WANTS

A BARGAIN

IN A

Carpet, Chamber Set, Parlor Suit, Parlor Stove, Kitchen Range, Rocker, Lounge, Easy Chair, Drapery Curtain, Spring Bed, Window Shade, Hair Mattress,

Or any kind of

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, TO CALL

TO-DAY!

At our warerooms and we shall be prepared to show the BIGGEST trades in these goods ever offered in any city in the UNION. NOW WHY DO WE DO THIS? SIMPLY BECAUSE we have enormous lines of the Newest and Choicest Goods the market affords, bought for Fall Trade. They are just coming in and we MUST MAKE ROOM, besides THE ATKINSON HOUSE FURNISHING COMPANY, in order to supply our stores all over the State, is Compelled to Carry Greater Assortments than Ever. THE PRESENT STOCK MUST BE MOVED. Remember the goods are just as good as any we have coming in but the Styles are not as New. At the same time we have plenty of goods ordered in these Same Patterns. Carpet that Sitting Room Now with the Best Tapestry Carpet on Earth for 75 cents per yard, or a Body Brussels for 90 cents per yard. Don't neglect this OPPORTUNITY, you know we ALWAYS HAVE what we ADVERTISE. A BIG FEATURE of TO-MORROW'S Sale WILL be the PRICES we shall make to those who come in the EVENING.

THE

ATKINSON

House Furnishing Co.

Sep17

Thirteen Electric Lights.

Plenty of Light to select by, and we give you our word, whoever buys a Bill of Goods from us this evening from SEVEN UNTIL